

MOUTRIES
have new style
VICTROLAS

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845



March 8, 1923, Temperature 66.

Barometer 30.02

Rainfall 0.01 inch.

Humidity 95.

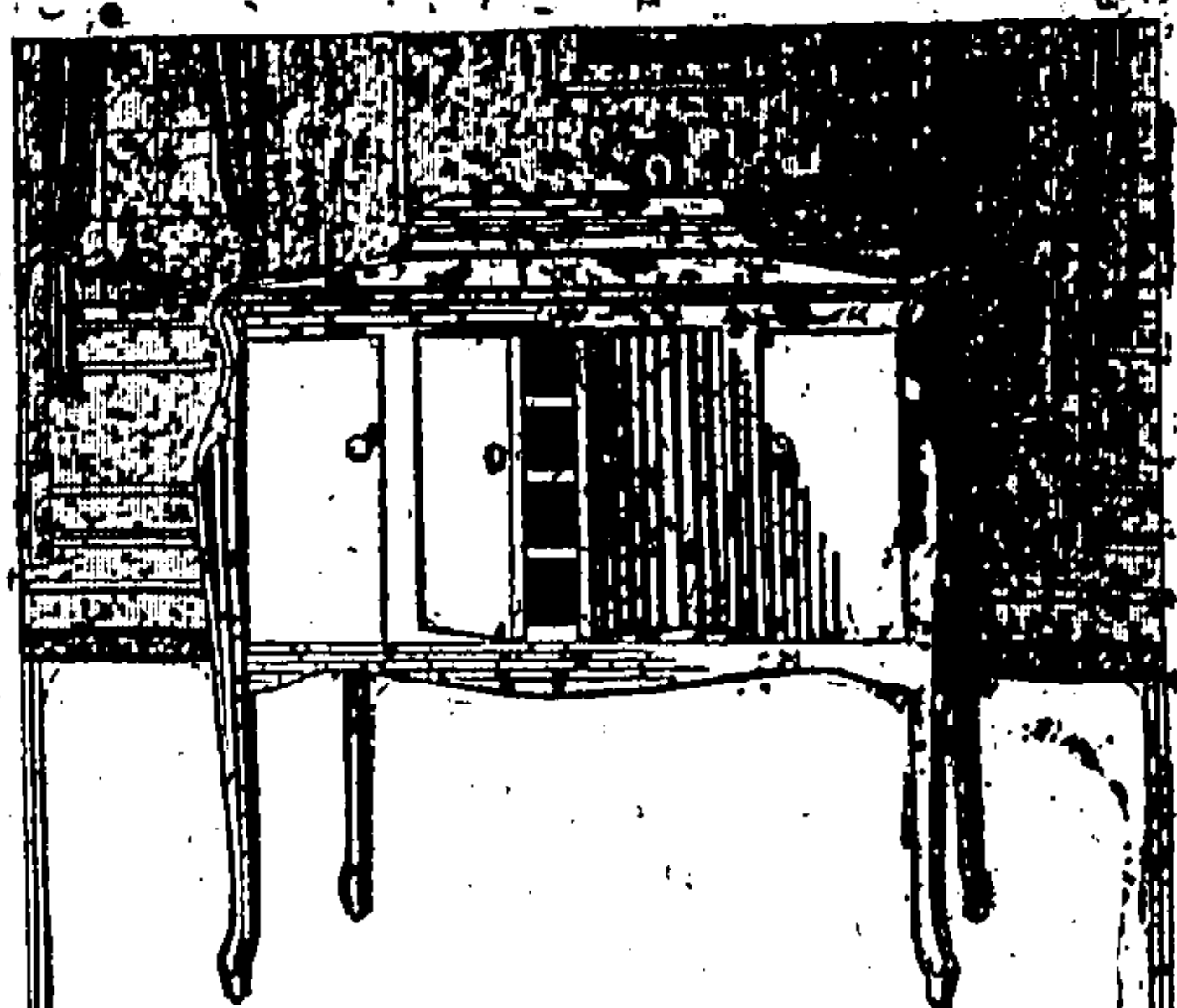
March 8, 1923, Temperature 57.

No. 18,818. 四拜禮 號八月三年三十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1923.

日一廿月正亥癸次歲年二十國民華中 PRICE: \$3.00 Per Month.

BUSINESS NOTICE.



Did you get that Victrola?

Why go without, why deny your home the benefit and comfort of good music? For a surprisingly modest sum, you can begin at once to own your own Victrola. Come in today, select any model you want and we will deliver it at once. When it is so convenient to own a Victrola on our plan, you owe it to your family and yourself to get yours NOW. Why delay? Come in.

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
Exclusive Agents.



NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the business of our Engineering Department has been acquired by THE JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPORATION LIMITED, and will be henceforth carried on by that Company as heretofore carried on by us.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 23rd February, 1923.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that we have acquired the business of the Engineering Department of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD. and that such business will be henceforth carried on by us heretofore carried on by them.

THE JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPORATION, LTD.
Hongkong, 23rd February, 1923.

Tel. Cen. 2-1-4-3
Diss Bros
TAILORS
Est. 1900
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, DES VOEUX ROAD.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.
WINE MERCHANTS.
Tel. Cen. 636.

MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.
General Knitter & Dyers.
Manufacturers of Woollen Hosiery, Jerseys, Sweaters & all kinds of Underwear.
No. 6-18, Causeway Bay. Telephone Central 1201.
Manager: YEUNG FOK WAN.

ECONOMY IN COAL.
Business Lamp Coal stands for economy in coal value. All lamp coals have a large percentage of dust which are PRACTICALLY WASTED. The dust in FUCHUN Lamp turns into Lamp gas as soon as it is cast into the burner. Fuchun Lamp coal burns brightly and is therefore a decided economy.
BEING IP & CO.
Coal Merchants & Contractors. 51, Queen's Road Central. Tel. Central 274. Cable address: "Hindman".
We stock in our godown 15 grades of other Fuchun Coal.

BRUNSWICK DANCE RECORDS
PLAYED BY
THE LEADING NEW YORK ORCHESTRAS
PRESENT BEST SELLER LOVELY LUCERNE WALTZ.
THE BRUNSWICK STUDIO
IVANOVICH & CO.
Distributors
BANK OF CHINA BUILDING (1st Floor) DUNDRELL STREET.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Router's Service the China Mail.)

RUHR DEVELOPMENTS.
BRITISH ZONE ISOLATED.
RHINELAND REPUBLIC MOOTES.

LONDON, March 7.

According to correspondents at Cologne the latest French movements have practically resulted in complete isolation of the British zone much to the inconvenience especially of the iron and steel industry by a stoppage of the entry of merchandise and raw material while British officers had unpleasant experiences owing to the inability of the Flemish coloured soldiers at Franco-Belgian posts established on all roads entering the zone to read official passes printed in English, French and German.

Intiguating with a view to the establishment of a Rhineland Republic is very active in the French occupied territory. The correspondents emphasise the necessity of the retention of the British army of occupation as a guarantee against bloodshed which an attempt at such an establishment would inevitably entail, also against British exclusion from the final settlement.

TALK OF FRESH SETTLEMENT.

It is pointed out that even if the French secured complete control of the railways in the British zone they would be unable to work them more than they were at present doing on the Ruhr railways as the German railwaymen had been ordered in such an event not merely to strike but to resort to very extreme sabotage.

According to Paris telegrams the question of a fresh settlement of France with Germany tantamount to a reversal of the Treaty of Versailles is being actively discussed in the French press which is insisting on the necessity for greater guarantees of security including an understanding between French and German industrial and coal magnates.

The French senate yesterday evening adopted a clause in the Army Bill fixing military service at eighteen months and rejecting an amendment proposing a year which M. Poincare made a question of confidence.

CHANCELLOR CUNO'S SPEECH.

BERLIN, March 7.

Chancellor Cuno concluded his speech with a very guarded reference to negotiations. He said it was not Germany's business to make offers so long as the occupation of the Ruhr continued but when a path was opened to her offering the possibility of a frank discussion as an equal Government she would enter thereon. Germany, however, would agree to no settlement covering the illegal occupied territory from Germany or not releasing Germans wrongfully punished. The day must come when an honest agreement between equal nations would replace military dictatorship as the other side must see that an unarmed Germany cannot be conquered by arms. Till then the Germans must endure.

AMPUTATING BRITISH ZONE.

PARIS, March 7.

The War Office confirms that the French yesterday occupied the eight towns of Troisdorf, Operath, Wippenfuhr, Remscheid, Tronenberg, Gräfrath, Nettmann and Orschaffen completely cutting off the British zone from unoccupied Germany.

116,000 FRENCH TROOPS IN GERMANY.

LONDON, March 7.

In the House of Commons Lt. Col. Guinness stated there were now 116,000 French troops in Germany including the Ruhr, compared with 91,000 before the Ruhr was occupied.

AN UNFORTUNATE MISUNDERSTANDING.

ROME, March 7.

The maltreatment of seventeen Italian workmen and a priest en route to Belgium by a crowd at Rosenheim in Upper Bavaria who thought they were going to the Ruhr led to vigorous action by Signor Mussolini who telegraphically instructed the Italian Ambassador at Berlin and the Italian Consul at Munich to strongly protest against the attack and demand exemplary punishment of the ringleaders and compensation for the victims. Signor Mussolini's note adds that Italy will not permit maltreatment of her subjects and will defend them whatever the consequences.

FANNING THE FLAMES.

BERLIN, March 7.

Subsequent to Herr Cuno's speech, a speaker representing the leading parties of the Reichstag, irrespective of political complexion, supported the Chancellor's views and emphasised the opposition to the alleged French ambition to annex the Rhineland and the Ruhr, although willing to treat as regards peace and reparations.

WASHINGTON AGREEMENTS.

FRANCE'S ATTITUDE.

PARIS, March 7.

In the Chamber the Minister of Marine stated that the Government had asked the Foreign Affairs Commission of the Chamber to accelerate consideration of the Washington agreements which the Chamber would be asked to pass.

THE DOLLAR.

To-day's closing rate 2/3 5/16
To-day's opening rate 2/3 5/16

HOME POLITICAL "MIRACLE."

MINISTERIAL DEFEAT AT EDGEHILL.

LANDSLIDE TO LABOUR FORESHADOWED.

LONDON, March 7.

The Edgehill result came too late for comment in the morning newspapers but was received just before the adjournment of the Commons where it fell like a thunderbolt in the lobby. Even the Labourites refused at first to believe such a result possible. Liverpool is a Tory stronghold and Mr. Sexton M.P. who is a Liverpoolian Irishman kept repeating: "It's a miracle!"

The defeat of three Ministers in four days is unprecedented but nobody thinks the fall of the Government is involved thereby. The latest defeat, however, will undoubtedly result in the re-organisation of the ministry which has been postponed till Edgehill voted. It is noteworthy that many voters, chiefly Unionists, abstained from voting at Edgehill where housing and unemployment were the chief issues, chiefly interesting the women electors numbering fourteen thousand. The Labourite commoners are so elated at the breach in Liverpool Toryism that they predict the Merseyside will follow the Clyde in a landslide towards Labour.

CABINET CHANGES ANNOUNCED.

LONDON, March 7.

It is officially announced that Mr. Neville Chamberlain has been appointed Minister of Health and Sir Johnson Hicks Post Master General.

DUBLIN DISASTER.

REVENUE OFFICES MINED.

DETECTIVE BLOWN TO BITS.

LONDON, March 7.

The Revenue Offices in Dublin were blown up by a mine and destroyed. A detective was blown to atoms.

LATER.

Dublin was alarmed by the blowing up of the Income Tax offices at six in the morning. The whole building was wrecked and adjoining buildings were badly damaged. The detective who was killed received the full force of the explosion and was blown to the rear of the building. His body was buried under tons of debris. Another detective was injured. A policeman states that he saw five men carrying a heavy parcel towards the building. Two of them held him up with revolvers and ordered him to "clear off to Hell if he valued his life. A minute later he heard a terrific explosion and the whole building was blown sky high. It is recalled that armed men a fortnight ago tried to set fire to the Income Tax offices and an official died from burns he then received.

GHAISTLY BUSINESS.

LONDON, March 7.

Two attempts by irregulars to blow up Free State troops disastrously recoiled on the heads of their comrades. It appears that a party of nationals brought prisoners from Tralee to remove a stone barricade at Bally Saddy Bridge. This operation led to an explosion of a concealed trigger mine, wounding three National officers and killing eight of the captives. A similar occurrence took place at Coumlesse's bridge in which four prisoners were killed and two Nationals wounded.

OBITUARY.

EARL OF PLYMOUTH.

LONDON, March 7.

The death has occurred of the Earl of Plymouth. His son, Viscount Windsor, succeeds him necessitating a by-election for Ludlow.

[Born in 1857, the deceased was the first Earl of Plymouth, the Earldom having been created in 1903. He was a G.B.E., C.B., P.C., D.L. and J.P. He had been Lord-Lieutenant of Glamorganshire since 1890 and was High Steward of Cambridge University in 1919. In 1895-96 he was Mayor of Cardiff, in 1891-92 he was Paymaster General and he was first Commissioner of Works from 1902 to 1905. He owned about 30,500 acres.]

CAIRO BOMBS.

STERN MEASURES TAKEN.

Cairo, March 7.

A proclamation has been issued that anyone found possessing bombs or explosives will be court-martialled and is liable to the death penalty except persons surrendering bombs and explosives before midnight on March 8, or licensed to possess explosives. The military authorities and police are authorised to search houses, ships etc.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Golf Shoes

Made by the celebrated makers of "K" Shoes and fitted with the patent "Royal and Ancient" Pneumatic Rubber Soles and Heels which give a perfect grip in any weather.

Worn by the leading Amateur and Professional Golfers.

"K" Shoes in Tan Willow, Felt, Plain and Brogan Styles.

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building.

Des Voeux Road.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

THE PHARMACY (FLETCHER & CO., LTD.)
Dispensing Chemists

has removed to No. 2 Queen's Road Central

(The Red Building, opposite the American Express Co.)

YEE SANG FAT CO.

SMART

STRAW HATS

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN

STOCKED IN

SUPERIOR QUALITIES.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

FOOK WENG & Co., Just Opened!

EXPORTER OF

Swatow Drawn-thread Work and Canton Embroidery in finest Quality of silk and linen.
Dealing in Ivory, Brass, Pewter, Cloisonne and Lacquer.
Mandarin Costumes and Shawls are our most popular stocks.
All goods Fresh and Moderate in price.
No. 13 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

GINS & LIQUEURS

FROM

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
15, Queen's Road Central. Tel. Central 75.

SWATOW TRADING CO.

Tel. Central 3303, 6, Hongkong Hotel Building

MANUFACTURERS

of Handmade Chinese Linen Drawn-work and Embroideries
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SILK GOODS.
Mandarin Costumes of Various Design and Fashions.

We are manufacturers of
Felt Hats, Straw Hats,
Linen Hats, Toppies, etc.



Manufactured in
HONGKONG
by the

NAM YUET HAT FACTORY.

22, Queen's Road Central.

THE YUEN WO STORE.

Harbour Repairs.

Engineering & Building Contractors, General Repairs & Shipchandlers.

Office: No. 28, Prince's Street, Tel. Central 5260.

Workshop: Canton Road, Kowloon, Tel. Kowloon 721.

Prop. T. T. LING.

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG DOG, CAT, POULTRY
AND PIGEON SHOW.

By kind permission of the Officer Commanding The Hongkong Defence Corps, a Show will be held at the HEADQUARTERS OF THE CORPS

SATURDAY, 10th March, 1923,
from 3 to 6 p.m.

Besides the usual classes for Dogs, there will be classes for puppies from 6 to 12 months old, for a litter of Puppies under 3 months old on the date of the Show, and for cross-bred Dogs.

Entry Forms may be had from the Undersecretary.

No Entry will be accepted unless accompanied by the Entrance Fee. Dog \$2, Cat \$1. Poultry and Pigeons, 50 cents per pen.

ENTRIES CLOSE ON 7th inst.

B. L. FROST,
Hon. Secretary,
C/o THE EASTERN EXTENSION
TELEGRAPH CO.
Hongkong, March 5, 1923.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 12th March, 1923, at 11.00 A.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st October, 1922.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday, the 6th day of March, to Tuesday, the 13th day of March, 1923, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREY & SON,
General Managers,
Hongkong, February 28, 1923.

BETTER EDUCATION FOR
BRITISH CHILDREN IN
HONGKONG.

A PUBLIC MEETING

will be held in the
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ROOM,
CITY HALL,
TODAY

(THURSDAY), March 8th, 1923,
at 5.30 p.m. sharp

To discuss The Better Education of
British Children in Hongkong.

The Chair will be taken by
Hon. Mr. H. E. POLLOCK, K.C.,

supported by
Hon. Mr. P. H. HOLYOAK, Hon. Mr.
E. V. D. PARR, Mr. H. W. BIRD, Mr.
Montague ELO, Mr. A. O. LANG, and
Mr. A. R. LOWE.

The meeting will be addressed by
Mr. N. TEESDALE MACKINTOSH, M.A.
The subject is of grave importance
and all parents and others interested
are earnestly requested to attend.
Hongkong, February 20, 1923.

HONGKONG TRAMWAY COMPANY,
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the COLONIAL (Hongkong) REGISTER of the Company will be closed from TUESDAY, 13th March 1923, to WEDNESDAY, 14th April 1923, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. E. ROBERTS,
Secretary.

Hongkong, March 5, 1923.

R. A. ATHLETIC MEETING.

22ND AND 23RD MARCH, 1923.

USRC. GROUND, KOWLOON.

AT the above Meeting there will be a Mile Race open to the Services and all British Residents in the Colony.
The Race is timed for 3.20 P.M. on the 23rd inst.

Hongkong, March 7, 1923.

HONGKONG HEIGHTS.

For the information of visitors the following list of some of the highest points on the Island and Mainland is published—

ISLAND.	Feet
Signal Station	1774
Mt Parker	1734
Mountain Lodge	1725
The Byrne	1725
Peak Hotel	1805
Tai Koo Sanatorium	1900
Mt. Davis	877
Bowen Rd. (Afterbeds)	893
MAINTLAND.	
Tai Mo Shan	2124
Kowloon Peak	1971
Lion Rock	1645
Shatin Pass	1000
Customs Pass	780
Tai Yeh's Peak	724

WANT
ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS.
\$1. PREPAID.
Every additional word 4 Cents
for 3 insertions.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Two Aisy Office Rooms
on top floor of 6, Queen's Road
Central. Apply to Gaudet, Price &
Co., Ltd.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSION

15, Morrison Hill Road.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 12th day of March, 1923, at 3 p.m., at the Office of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of CROWN LAND at Causeway Bay in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rent	Upset Price
1	As per plan	about 0.12	25	1,000

G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 12th day of March, 1923, at 3 p.m., at the Office of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of CROWN LAND at Lo Lung Hau Valley in the Colony of Hongkong for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rent	Upset Price
1	As per plan	about 0.12	25	1,000

THE KWONG KWUI GO.
PHOTO SUPPLIES.

60 Queen's Road Central.
Telephone No. 2170.

Photos of H. R. H. Prince of
Wales landing on sale.

TO SECRETARIES OF CLUBS AND
OTHER INSTITUTIONS.

ALL preliminary notices of forthcoming meetings, lectures and entertainments, sent for insertion in the news columns of the China Mail, are charged for at the rate of \$1 each, (as announced in May and June of last year) providing that they do not occupy more than four lines. In future if this space is exceeded they will be placed in the advertising columns at the prevailing rates.

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

SANITARY ENGINEERS
MONUMENTALISTS

Office and Godown,
Sea, Wanchai Road, Hongkong.
Tel. Central No. 209

Large stock of
BATHS and BATH ROOM
FITTINGS.

LAVATORY BASINS, FLUSH
CLOSETS.

COMMODORES, BIDEETS, &c., &c.

OPEN & CLOSED STOVES, COOKING
RANGES, TILED GRATES.

AMERICAN & ITALIAN MARBLE
MEMORIALS—Also in polished
Hongkong Granite.

A large selection of Artificial
Wreaths.

Prices on Application.

VON MOLTKE'S HISTORY.

GERMANY'S CONFUSION
ON EVE OF WAR.

"Recollections and Letters of Count von Moltke," which his widow prepared for publication in 1918, and whose issue has been prevented by the effort of certain quarters, has appeared. Count von Moltke, who had been against his will entrusted by the Kaiser with the responsible post of Chief of the General Staff, was side-tracked after the retreat from the Marne, which had been ordered by him, and in November, 1914, in the embittered solitude of his sick room, he wrote his recollections.

These reflections give a vivid picture of the confusion existing in the days of the declaration of war. The political creed of Count von Moltke was in sharp opposition to that of the Chancellor and to the reckonings of the diplomat who were endeavouring to bring about an understanding with England. He writes—

The hope entertained by our diplomacy of establishing friendly relations with England, which has been for years the guiding principle of our policy, will be proved to have been false as soon as the brutal English interest show themselves. England has always been known to hide her selfish actions under the cloak of morality, and so the violation of Belgian neutrality must here serve as an excuse for her to declare war.

Here is evident dissension between diplomacy and the heads of the army. While the General Staff had reckoned, as Von Moltke unhesitatingly acknowledged, with "war on two fronts," and the Schlieffen plan of march through Belgium and even through part of Southern Holland had been worked out in all details, a plan which would necessarily draw England into the war, the diplomats had been acting on a different supposition.

On August 2 von Moltke was summoned by the Kaiser to attend a conference in the Palace in the presence of the Chancellor and the Minister of War. A telegram from Prince Lichnowsky, German Ambassador in London, had just arrived:

The Chancellor, who considered as the chief goal of his policy an understanding with England, and who still believed that a world war, or at least the participation of England, might be avoided, was apparently much pleased with the telegram. The Kaiser also. The telegram announced that the Secretary of State, Sir Edward Grey, had informed the Ambassador that England would

endeavour to prevent France from making war provided that Germany pledged herself not to undertake any hostile action against France. The Kaiser said: "We shall therefore march to the East with our entire army."

Count von Moltke describes the excited scene which ensued. The Schlieffen plan had been for years the cherished hope of the General Staff, and had now been discarded in a second. To the narrow-minded, duty-loving officer this seemed to be an appalling mistake. He attempted to dissuade the Kaiser; was abrupt; sharp words followed; and after a long debate an answer to the telegram was drafted, in which it was stated that "Germany accepted the English offer gladly, but that the already planned march to the French frontiers would have to be carried out."

Heartbroken, Count von Moltke left the Palace, "and wept tears of despair." At eleven o'clock that evening he was again called to the Palace. The King of England had wired that he had no knowledge of the guarantee given by England to prevent France from making war. The telegram of Prince Lichnowsky must have been inspired by false information. The Kaiser closed the discussion, exclaiming excitedly: "Now you may do as you please."

Moltke's confidence in the Kaiser was shaken.

DUKE OF YORK.

APRIL 25 THE PROBABLE
WEDDING DATE.

While the official announcement of the date of the marriage has not yet been made, and is not expected to be known for a few days, there is (according to the Daily News) authority to state that Wednesday, April 25, has been chosen tentatively as being most convenient to the King and Queen.

It has also been decided that the ceremony shall take place in Westminster Abbey, and that the Archbishop of Canterbury shall officiate.

In place of a "best man," the Duke of York expects to be attended at the altar by his three brothers as "supporters," and this will be an unusual feature of the wedding, which, as at present arranged, will take place in the forenoon.

THE ENGAGEMENT RING.

The Duke of York on Friday presented to his betrothed a diamond and sapphire engagement ring.

The ring procured from Mr. Bert Jeweller, 3 Vigo Street, is set with three stones, a sapphire in the centre and a diamond on either side. The centre stone is considerably larger than the others, and is a gem of great beauty. The jeweller, with long experience to draw upon, declared emphatically that he had never seen a more beautiful blue. The sapphire came from Kashmir.

The ring is what is sometimes called a half-hoop, but among experts that term is not usually applied unless the setting reaches halfway round the hoop, say, five stones at least.

The three stones are in an exceedingly light platinum setting, so light that when it is in wear practically nothing is seen beyond the three gems, the rich blue of the sapphire predominating, the flanking brilliants, of great lustre, emphasising the effect of the principal stone.

THE FUTURE HOME.

With reference to the future residence of the Duke of York and his bride, it has already been stated authoritatively that they will live in or near London.

White Lodge, Richmond Park, has been mentioned in this connection. Earl Farnham is the present occupier of White Lodge on, it is understood, a life tenancy. It is significant, perhaps, that one of his Lordship's first concerns on returning to London from Castle Rising, Norfolk, was to get into touch with the controller of the Duke of York's Household. It will be only in keeping with his characteristic generosity if he has placed White Lodge unreservedly at the disposal of His Majesty.

Earl Farnham, who has been Lord Steward since 1915, is 79 years of age, and has no heir. He was Master of the Household of the late King Edward.

WILL THE DUKE VISIT CANADA?
Reuter's Agency learns that great hopes are expressed in Canadian circles in London that the Duke of York will be able to accept the invitation extended to him to open the Canadian National Exhibition in Toronto next September. It is understood that the Duke himself had for some time past been most anxious to visit Canada.

It was hoped that H. R. H. would go to Canada this winter in response to an invitation to open the Toronto Horse Show. Owing, however, to his having to proceed to Rumania to represent the King at the wedding of King Alexander of Jugo-Slavia, and to the fact that winter is not the most suitable time for seeing Canada under the most favourable conditions, this project had to be abandoned.

STEAM LAUNDRY COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1902.
Write or send for complete price-list.

STOP

Has it occurred to YOU that winter suits want DRY CLEANING? You would not wear your Summer suits without cleaning regularly.

THINK of the dirt, germs, etc., a cloth suit gathers during a season's wear. So don't hesitate; send that suit along. **OUR PRICE \$3.25.**

WORKS and HEAD OFFICE
YAUWATI,
Tel. Kowloon 32.
HONGKONG DEPOT
10, Stanley Street,
Tel. Central 1879.
82, Praya East.
19, Canton Road, Kowloon.
SEAKI, CANTON.

M. Y. SAN & CO., LTD.
MANUFACTURERS
OF
BISCUITS
AND
BEST PRESERVED
STEM GINGER.

HEAD OFFICE: Nos. 92 to 100, Queen's Road Central.
FACTORY: Canton Road, Kowloon.
BRANCHES AT: Manila, Singapore, Shanghai, Canton, China.

THE WHITS UNITED DAIRIES LTD.
DIPLOMA MILK.

This condensed milk is guaranteed to contain all the original fat. In condensing nothing but water has been taken from it, and only pure sugar added. The farms from which the milk is collected are constantly inspected.

BRITISH MANUFACTURE

DIPLOMA MILK is the cheapest and best and has been analysed as healthful, nourishing and strength-giving food, THE BEST FOR INFANTS. ALL CREAM.

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA:
DAVIE BOAG & CO., LTD.
4A, DES VOEUX ROAD.

PUN YICK CHO.
LAND & ESTATE AGENTS
Telephone Central No. 911-1987.
35, Queen's Road Central.

AHMED DIN
Late Officer to
H. R. H. THE KING
Specialist in Cutting for OFFICERS' Military and Naval Suits and Uniforms.
Jockey and Riding Dresses.
LADIES' GOWNES & SPECIALITY.
4, D'Aguilar Street. Tel. Central 1679.

J. T. SHAW.
LADIES' AND GENTS' TAILOR.
11, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,
(OPPOSITE CITY HALL.)
TEL. CENTRAL 892.

Different

You know what you've always wanted a cigarette to do. Chesterfields do it. They not only please your taste (other cigarettes do that) but they do more. They give to your smoking an enjoyment so complete so full so entirely different that there's only one way to describe it—

"They Satisfy"

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES
of finest Turkish and American tobaccos—blended

LEWIS & MILES TOBACCO CO.

You will arise refreshed, full of vigour and energy, if you make it a habit of taking

WATSON'S Effervescent LIVER SALT.

It acts gently on the liver, kidneys and bowels, and eliminates from the system all impurities. It relieves the congested condition arising from sedentary occupations, overwork, errors of diet, etc., etc.

Price \$1.40 per bottle

Sole Agents:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong Dispensary.
ESTABLISHED 1841.

Wm. Powell Ltd.
Tel. Central 346

IN THE DRESS MATERIAL DEPT.

JUST RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND

COTTON VOILES

AND

SPONGE CLOTHS

A CHARMING AND Dainty SELECTION OF HIGH CLASS FABRICS FOR SUMMER WEAR.

WHITE LINEN CANVAS SHOES

"QUEEN ALEXANDRA"

Sea-faring Men please note we can now supply the following Cigarettes ex bond, at very moderate prices, Sandorides Club, Teofonis Kings Own, Chairman Mags, Cavanders Army Club, Chase Stewart Past and Present, all best Virginians, and Valadis Egyptians.

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE,
Alexandra Buildings.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1923.

ERE IT IS TOO LATE.

Neutrality, in face of the policy now being followed by France, is only excusable on the ground that we cannot resist it. To the extent that we can resist it we should. With this view expressed in the *Manchester Guardian* every thoughtful Briton must now agree. France has clearly shown that she is not seeking reparations solely; she is seeking Germany's utter ruin. This policy spells general disaster. Before France can crush her enemy she will have perished herself. Indeed, her prospects of solvency, we are told, are far poorer to-day than they were before she entered the Ruhr. With her budget deficit already over £300,000,000, she is now sinking rapidly in the morass. The army of 116,000 men which to-day's cables report she has in the Ruhr will increase that deficit enormously. Perhaps she hopes that these vast sums will be recovered from Germany. But France's present mad policy, even if it does not provoke Germany into open warfare or precipitate political anarchy, will only hasten financial debacle in that harassed country. Thus this insensate struggle between the two bitter foes will end with both being ruined, a grim prospect forcibly brought home by the joint decline of the mark and the franc. With Europe still shaken and uncertain after the war, the collapse of either country would prove an irreparable disaster. The collapse of both might well prove the last straw for our battered civilization. Consequently, quite apart from any weighty special interest, Britain

must take steps to oppose France's "monstrous lunacy." Our Government's attitude, however, has hitherto been strangely vacillating, strangely inconsistent. Only yesterday the cables reported Mr. Bonar Law reluctant to intervene because our action would be regarded by France as hostile. Yet almost in the next breath he declares that the issue is not for France alone to settle but for all Europe. We are interested and we must have a voice. Well, the time has come to find that voice. We must say aloud, for the whole world to hear, that we will oppose the policy we think wrong and support the one we think right. Our first protest should take the form of withdrawing our troops from the Rhineland. Then, if France ignores the moral of this action, as she has ignored our other gestures of censure, then we should have recourse to sterner measures. These need certainly not take the form implied by many speakers in the Commons debate cabled yesterday—war, as we have found to our bitter cost, only breed war. Britain possesses other weapons little less terrible. France's financial stability lies within our grip, and France's financial stability, with her national finances already paralysed, would collapse under the first threat from London—let alone from New York which also disapproves France's Ruhr policy—to withdraw the support hitherto extended to French credit. Thus it is clear that should our Government adopt the line suggested by the *Manchester Guardian* (and every other responsible British journal) the resistance Britain can offer to France's policy would have crushing effect, for France's fear of appearing ridiculous by withdrawing now and her consuming anxiety to have her hated foe raised beyond recovery would thus both give place to concern for her safety, her very position as a world power. Mr. Bonar Law says we must have a voice in this Ruhr business. We have one, a mighty one. It only remains for us to use it.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Major R. J. Cargill has succeeded Mr. F. K. Murray-Johnson as Secretary of the Association of British Malaya.

An address will be given in the Chinese Y.M.C.A. auditorium at 7.30 to-night on "Thrill and the extension of business" to which all persons engaged in commerce are welcome.

Mr. M. J. Quist, who has been appointed Consul of the Netherlands for Hongkong and South China, arrived by the "Korea Maru" from Kobe where he has been acting as Consul.

Motor-car No. 217, owned by Messrs. Lane Crawford Ltd., knocked down a Chinese apprentice matched builder at Praya East yesterday, necessitating his removal to hospital with an injured left foot.

The fifty-fourth ordinary general meeting of shareholders in the Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. will be held in the offices of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. at noon on the 27th.

The Rev. J. Butterworth, who for nearly the last three years has officiated as Assistant Chaplain, Singapore, is leaving shortly for Ipoh, where he proceeds to take up his new appointment as Assistant Chaplain, South Perak.

A report has been published in the Chinese newspapers to the effect that Chen Chiang-ming's village, in the Hoi Fung district, has been pillaged by over three hundred robbers styling themselves "The People's Army."

The influx of Chinese into Fiji is alarming Europeans. Bitterness has been developing for nearly two years, and no reply has yet been received from the Home Authorities in response to the Chinese poll tax proposal, which was unanimously favoured by a large meeting of the white residents.

On Monday, the junk plying between Pun U and Whampoa was met on the Canton River by a vessel containing armed robbers who, on a pretence of searching the vessel, held up the passengers and escaped with considerable loot including large sums of money carried by a number of couriers.

EDUCATION OF BRITISH CHILDREN. DON'T FORGET TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING. CITY HALL 5.30 P.M.

According to the *Straits Echo*, Captain Wilfrid Nunn, R.N., who is claiming £10,000 from the Prize Court, for the capture and destruction of Turkish warcraft on the Tigris in 1914-1915, is a brother of Mr. Bernard Nunn, of the Malayan Civil Service, and was formerly a well-known and popular officer on the China Station.

Among the interesting visitors recently here on the liner "Laconia," were five honeymoon couples, twelve rich widows, ten ex-servicemen, one ex-servicette, ten men worth each from ten to fifteen million dollars, a number worth a million each and quite a large number who were worth half a million apiece.

Two thousand bullfrogs are reported to have been brought to Japan from San Francisco by the "Korea Maru," says the *Japan Chronicle*. They are to be used for breeding purposes. It is notated whether an enlarged supply of frogs is desired for musical entertainment or for culinary purposes. But it can hardly be the latter since frogs are not eaten in Japan.

Construction work on the new American Club in Shanghai will start on April 1. The Committee hopes to have plans ready so that bids of contractors will be accepted and actual work started by the first of next month. Of the Tael 550,000 authorised for the new structure, Tael 500,000 has been raised and the rest will be allotted to members of the Club.

The British steamer City of Canton, which sailed from Boston on February 10 for New York, wireless that she was ashore off Cape Cod. The City of Canton is owned and operated by the American and Manchurian Lines between New York, Boston and Oriental ports. This vessel sailed from Manila on her last homeward-bound trip on December 2 with several hundred tons of general cargo and 11,920 bales of hemp. Most of this freight was loaded in Cebu. Macleod and Company are agents in the Philippines for the American and Manchurian Lines.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

A CHAT WITH MR. LITTLE.

SOME OF THE HANDICAPS.

A *China Mail* reporter had an interesting chat this morning with Mr. Edward S. Little, the Australian trade commissioner, who has now spent nearly two years upon the job of assisting the introduction of Commonwealth products to China.

Mr. Little confessed that he has found his appointment no picnic. He has encountered a good many obstacles but he considers that the trade commissioner service has done a good deal towards removing several of the worst of them. "One insuperable obstacle to the development of the Australian fruit trade," Mr. Little said, "is the absence of any direct steamer service to Shanghai, either with or without refrigerating space. That matter however, is now being taken up by commercial bodies and by the Government and it has been the subject of many communications by myself. Though nothing definite has yet been arranged I am hopeful that some steps will be taken in the near future to have direct steamship communication established."

Mr. Little can see no reason why Australian fresh fruit should not find an ample market in South China. Australian apples, he pointed out, come into season when American and even locally grown apples have gone out of season so that the market is bare of these supplies at a time when Australia is the only country that can supply the demand. Furthermore there is a direct shipment with refrigerating space available between Australia and Hongkong.

Another difficulty which the Australian Trade Commissioner has made strenuous efforts to overcome is that of unmitigated packing. Steps have been taken, he states, which should result in Australian exporters sending up to these markets goods which would compare favourably in get-up and quality with those coming from any other country in the world. "Australia," said Mr. Little, "is a young nation and like all other nations has to learn the best methods of preparing and packing her products to suit the outside markets. Older nations have all had to go through the same mill. They have made mistakes in packings, styles and qualities but through long experience they have learned how to develop their export trade. Australia is going through the same process and will unquestionably achieve the success in this department of her national life that she has achieved in other departments."

Mr. Little added that he was prepared at any time to investigate any complaints that might be made by importers concerning goods imported from Australia and would take every difficulty experienced.

WAS IT OPIUM?

SMALL PARCEL SUNK.

A Chinese named Chan Ching, master of a cargo boat, was brought before Commander Beckwith this morning on two charges, one of unlawfully boarding the s.s. "Commissaire Pierre Lecca" without permission and another of unlawfully throwing articles from the same boat for the purpose of preventing seizure.

To the first offence he pleaded guilty, to the second, not guilty. A Chinese detective who gave evidence stated how he went on board and saw defendant throw a small parcel overboard. On arresting him for the offence defendant denied it, but when examined he was found to have a long girdle round his waist for the purpose of concealing goods.

He was sentenced to one month and ordered to pay a fine of two dollars. Fines of \$40 in all were also collected in other cases of failing to observe the rules of the road, \$10 for lying vessels alongside private landing places, while another \$5 was imposed in a case where a defendant carried more than the maximum number of passengers.

"HONORARY ADVISERS"

HONGKONG RESIDENTS APPOINTED.

According to the vernacular papers, Dr. Sun Yat-sen has appointed the following Hongkong residents to be honorary advisers: The Hon. Mr. Chow Shew-son, The Hon. Mr. Ng Hoo-tze, Sir Robert Ho Tung, Messrs. Ho Fook, Ho Kwo-tung, Ho Kwong, Fung Ping-shan, Li Po-kwai and Ip Lan-chuen.

SWATOW DISASTER.

RELIEF FOR TYPHOON VICTIMS.

COMMITTEE'S FINAL REPORT.

The Typhoon Relief Committee, appointed by the Swatow British Chamber of Commerce, at the request of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, for the purpose of administering the fund raised by the Hongkong Chamber for the relief of sufferers in the recent Swatow typhoon, has presented its last report on the work to the Hongkong Chamber. The report deals with the committee's activities up to December 31st, 1922. It states that the total amount put at the Committee's disposal was \$33,082.19. Of this sum \$2.70 was spent on office expenses, \$14,808.35 on 13,000 bags of rice shipped to the Committee, and \$833.45 on four cases of medical supplies. This left an available balance of \$37,738.62.

The report goes on to state that in addition to the sum raised by the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, they had donations from other sources, totalling \$15,362.28. Immediately after the disaster the Hongkong Government voted the sum of \$20,000, and expended \$16,032.28, on rice which was forwarded by them to the British Consul at Swatow for distribution. Subsequently they voted another \$50,000 and left this sum and the balance of the previous \$20,000 at the Committee's disposal. Out of the \$53,997.74 allotted to the Committee by the Hongkong Government the details attached to the report covers the expenditure of \$24,000 up to the 31st December, 1922.

THE RELIEF SCHEME.

A thorough survey of the devastated areas had been taken by the Rev. A. C. Gamble and the Rev. H. F. Wallace with the assistance of the English Presbyterian Mission and the village Elders. They visited thirteen towns and villages from Mang Kaw to Ng Kng, and the majority were found to be in the same condition as they were immediately after the typhoon. Under the supervision of these two gentlemen a clearing out was made, blocked roads were opened up and cleaned, all manner of filth was carried away and burned, infected waters were run off, bridges were re-built, whilst in addition a number of dead bodies were buried, and dead animals disposed of. All able-bodied men between the ages of 20 and 50 were employed for this work and a wage of 30 cents and four quarts of rice was given per man per twelve hour working day. For the most part the headmen of the villages rendered every assistance they possibly could, and no attempts were made to obtain more relief than each village really deserved. The work was carried on personally by the Rev. A. C. Gamble and the Rev. H. F. Wallace and Mr. T. G. Gibson. They had to work under the most distasteful conditions, surrounded by equal and degradation.

QUICK RELIEF.

The actual want, the report continued, was very quickly relieved, and accordingly it was decided to discontinue as far as possible the part payment of rice in lieu of wages, in order to do away with the transportation of the rice. An inclusive wage of 60 cents was paid, and the question then arose as to the disposal of the balance of 300 bags of rice left over. The need for free distribution had passed, and even had it been offered then, there were very few of the villagers who would take it unless they were absolutely starving. This attitude of the people where charity was concerned was noticeable throughout. The balance of the stock was eventually sold slightly under market price, and the action was greatly appreciated by the people.

In addition to this Committee it was found that there were a number of other committees appointed by various organisations for the distribution of relief, and that a good deal of overlapping was liable to occur. A general meeting was held of representatives from the various relief committees, and a district was given to the Chamber of Commerce Committee lying within the Jiau-pheng Prefecture, although it was only the seaboard within this area that was seriously affected by the typhoon. The area consisted mostly of small towns and villages on the coast where an enormous amount of damage had been done through the demolition of dykes and sea-walls, which had been built to prevent the inundation by the sea of cultivated land. The Committee felt that unless reconstructive work was undertaken in this direction, and the people placed upon their feet, and enabled to take up their old means of earning a living, a good deal of individual suffering was bound to continue. Accordingly the sum of \$38,289.84 was spent on the work.

At a number of the fishing villages, the area also, it was found necessary to re-place a large number of fishing junks, and other boats that had been destroyed in the typhoon. This work cost another \$13,733.30, and 181 boats were re-built. Of the sum \$3,023 was loaned.

had been destroyed in the typhoon. This work cost another \$13,733.30, and 181 boats were re-built. Of the sum \$3,023 was loaned.

RECONSTRUCTION.

It was found impossible to undertake the general reconstruction of houses. It was, however, very necessary to give some assistance in order to carry out some repairs to dwellings that remained in a more or less habitable condition. For the purpose of providing lime and roof tiles only, \$18 per house was allotted, and 22,270 old tiles, which were found to be very useful for roofing purposes, were very kindly given by the Standard Oil Company. Altogether about \$20,770 was spent on the building and rebuilding of 1,175 houses in 18 villages.

MEDICAL AID.

Dr. Wright had charge of the medical assistance. A dispensing and dressing station was opened at Gua Sui in the midst of the worst devastated region. This was placed in charge of a salaried staff consisting of Dr. Kuan, assisted by Dr. Lim, both of whom had been trained in the E. P. Mission Hospital, in addition to 10 men of the staff. Several students from the Swatow Mission Hospital and a number of the Boys Brigade gave their services voluntarily for part of the time during which the work was carried on. The report pays a tribute to the marked ability and devotion with which Dr. Kuan and those associated with him carried out their duties. Medical cases largely outnumbered the surgical. Of the medical cases the majority were bowel complaints due to drinking bad water and eating unsuitable food. Fevers and chest trouble from damp and exposure were also common and the very prevalent epidemic of dengue fever which raged all over the region during the summer and autumn, attacked many. The following is a list of patients treated:—

In-patients.....	976
Out-patients.....	1,554
Return visits.....	825
Total.....	3,355

FARMERS ASSISTED.

So far as the farmers were concerned, the typhoon occurred at a fortunate time in the interval between harvesting of the first and sowing of the second crop, but when this had been reaped in October-November, difficulties were met owing to the scarcity of buffaloes, due to a great number having been drowned in the typhoon. Funds were provided for the purchase of buffaloes, implements, etc., part of the cost to be refunded by the farmers. It was largely due to these provisions that a spring harvest was made possible, which of itself would do much to improve conditions throughout the area; 175 buffaloes were bought at a cost of \$7,133, of which \$3,429 was lent.

PROVIDING CLOTHING AND BEDDING.

The essential work of providing clothing and bedding, chiefly for women and children, was undertaken by Miss Brander of the E. P. Mission. Articles of clothing distributed amounted to 15,760 articles of bedding, 1,200 sundries, such as rice bags, personal and household necessities 250, making a total of 17,200. These were distributed to 7,500 people in 60 villages. Quilts and cloth were also distributed in sixteen other villages.

HOMELESS CHILDREN.

The report proceeds: On making careful investigation of the whole district it was found there was a large number of children left entirely destitute. Many of these had lost both parents in the typhoon; others, although perhaps one parent may still be alive, owing to the largeness of the family and the loss of all means of support, were in a pitiful condition. It was felt, therefore, that some permanent form of relief for such children should be attempted. A piece of land adjoining the Church at Yam Tsan was prepared for the putting up of an Orphanage building, and for this a sum of \$8,000 was allotted by the Committee. For the running expenses of this institution it was decided to allot the money to be refunded on the construction of boats and the purchasing of buffaloes account. Subsequently a further sum of \$15,000 was allotted for the furnishing and for other possible expenses before these loans could be repaid. This sum will be placed in the hands of Trustees.

Selected by the Swatow British Chamber of Commerce and one representative of the E. P. Mission. These gentlemen having accepted office have arranged for the appointment of a Board of Management, largely consisting of influential and reliable Chinese on the spot, together with three members of the E. P. Mission who will undertake supervision. The building is now in course of erection and will be completed early in the spring. In the meantime orphans are being received and supported in the Church Buildings at Yam Tsan. It is not possible at present to say exactly how many children can be admitted to the Orphanage when built. The plan at present is to provide for about

"BABY MINE."

AT THE STAR.

A young wife, beautiful as she is childish, ardent and loyal at heart as she is petulant is the rôle portrayed in sparkling fashion by Madge Kennedy in "Baby Mine," the amusing Goldwyn comedy which comes to the Star Theatre, Kowloon, to-day. Though the supporting feature, a two-reel Mack Sennett comedy, is called "It's a Boy" it is not, as might be expected, a sequel to the main attraction of the new programme.

The rôle Miss Kennedy plays in such sparkling fashion is a very delightful one but it is a characterisation to delicately drawn that only her supreme art, helped out by faultless production and a brilliant supporting cast has made it possible to transfer to the screen a story which was extraordinarily successful as a stage play at home.

NEW BLUE FUNNEL LINERS.

"SARPEDON" AND "PATROCLUS."

Two new large liners will be arriving in the Far East shortly on their maiden voyages, thereby augmenting the present fleet of Blue Funnel Line which makes the regular trip from Europe to the Orient. The new vessels, the s.s. "Sarpedon" and "Patroclus," are sister ships of 11,000 tons gross, and fitted to accommodate about 200 first-class passengers. They are 500 feet long, with twin screw gear turbines, and capable of making 15 knots an hour. The "Sarpedon" will make her first trip in May, and leaves Liverpool on June 9 being due at this port about July 15. The "Patroclus," which has not yet been completed, is due here about September. Both of the ships will be placed on the regular run from England, via Suez to Shanghai and Japan ports.

The launching of these two new vessels will bring the total number of ships of the Blue Funnel Line, operating in Eastern, Australian and other waters, up to 92, with a gross tonnage of close on 260,000.

A smaller freight ship, with very limited accommodation, is also being completed. She is the s.s. "Automedon," which is due in Shanghai about the end of May.

100 children, of both sexes, which is the maximum number that could be provided for with the funds at our disposal. This number probably covers all the bona fide typhoon orphans in our district only, for it should be borne in mind that in many instances where parents lost their lives, their children also died. It is hoped that other relief organisations will make similar provision for orphans in other districts.

BUYING CHILDREN.

The work is imperative, however, on account of the wholesale selling of children that is going on, due to the extreme poverty of their parents. In the Gua Sui district a child can now be bought for two or three dollars.

The sum available for this work, to be invested in the Board of Trustees, will be about \$21,000 and capital expenditure for building and equipment will amount to approximately \$9,000 leaving \$12,000 for income. The loans from boats and buffaloes (approximately \$12,300) will also be available, as repaid. The estimated cost of maintenance is \$500 a month. The Orphanage will provide educational facilities and a training in handicraft, the purpose being to enable the orphans when they reach the age of 13 or 14 to earn an adequate livelihood. As the children rendered orphans by the typhoon gradually leave, it is probable that other destitute children will be received and it is hoped that from this beginning, made necessary by the recent disaster, some permanent form of institutional work amongst destitute children will be established.

AID FOR DESTITUTE WOMEN.

Provision has also been made for giving assistance or relief to destitute women. The Chinese Relief Committee have a plan for the erection of a large industrial school in Swatow for both men and women.

In conclusion the Committee gave an assurance that in no case has money been spent without full value being received. A tribute is paid to the work of the Rev. Mr. Gow and Mr. O. T. Lim, who had given their services entirely voluntarily. As recognition of their work the Committee decided to purchase in Hongkong a gold watch for each of them. Reference is also made to the splendid services of the Revs. A. Guthrie-Gamble and H. F. Wallace and to many others who kindly assisted in relief work. A complete statement of accounts was attached to the report.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

CONSTANTINOPLE'S FLIGHT.

A BARQUE OF DEATH.

OUTLOOK VERY SERIOUS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 7.

Painful evidence of the inability of charitable organisations to cope with the avalanche of destitute Christian exiles pouring into Constantinople from Anatolia was provided on the occasion of General Harington seeing off the Essex Regiment to India. A hundred yards from the quay lay a barque laden with abandoned smallpox ridden refugees, mostly women and fifteen dead whom they were not strong enough to throw overboard. They had been unattended since the previous day but the British despatched medical assistance and served out blankets etc. The outlook in Constantinople is very serious and is threatened with epidemics which are already claiming hundreds of victims weekly.

LAUSANNE TREATY.

REJECTION NOT UNEXPECTED.

LONDON, March 7.

The rejection of the Lausanne treaty was not altogether unexpected. In well-informed quarters in London it is believed that Britain, while still maintaining her stand on the terms of the Treaty is not unwilling to agree to re-open negotiations if the Turks give evidence of a real desire to reach a settlement.

THE TURKISH TERMS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 7.

Towards the end of the debate in the Assembly on the Lausanne Treaty a motion was tabled signed by 150 deputies declaring that in the event of the complete independence of Turkey regarding financial and economic administrative questions being safeguarded the Government should sign the peace but a motion was finally adopted authorising the Government to pursue negotiations on the following bases:—abolition of capitulations; postponement of a settlement of economic and financial questions, also Mosul the abandonment of Karagatch, the acceptance of other clauses drafted by the Turkish delegation and the exaction of reparations from Greece.

"AS YOU WERE" POSITION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 7.

The Government seems to have won a complete victory to-day. The extremists were vociferous objections to the Government's counter-proposals to the Peace Treaty whereupon the Government mustered its supporters and gullied the debate with a confidence motion which specifically endorsed Ismet Pasha's attitude. The situation therefore has been restored to the position at the time of the Lausanne conference and the Government has a free hand to negotiate over the economic clauses or defer them while the general peace terms signed. The Turkish circles in Constantinople are optimistic that there will be a pacific settlement.

RUBBER RESTRICTION.

OPPOSING VIEW AIRED.

LONDON, March 7.

The question of legislative restriction of rubber from Malaya and Ceylon was argued before the commercial committee of the House of Commons. Mr. Hinde, the Chairman of the India Rubber Association, on behalf of the manufacturers, contended that restriction placed a premium on inefficient administration at the plantation. The reply to the contention that the planter was not able to produce rubber under 7½d. was that the planter had never tried.

Sir Frank Swettenham, on behalf of the growers, denied that the administration of the plantations was inefficient and ridiculed the idea that rubber could be produced at 6d.

Mr. Eric Miller, who headed a deputation for the growers recently visiting the United States, said that with one exception American manufacturers had agreed upon restriction. They had not demurred at the extra price involved.

A lively discussion ensued. It was terminated by the division for the bill.

SCRAPPING OF BATTLESHIPS.

WHAT THE NATIONS ARE DOING.

LONDON, March 7.

In the House of Commons, questioned in regard to the progress made by the signatories to the Washington treaty in scrapping the units of their fleets in excess of the establishment under the Treaty Col. Amery stated that the United States had stopped work on eleven capital ships, had sold two obsolete battleships which were being broken up, and had dismantled five others preparatory to sale. Japan had stopped work on two capital ships, removed the armament from five others and paid off eight others. France and Italy were not affected. The British Empire had abandoned its programme for four capital ships and had substituted two capital ships of smaller tonnage and had rendered eighteen capital ships incapable of further warlike service. Of the latter 17 had been sold for complete breaking up.

MUNICH SENSATION.

COUP D'ETAT NIPPED IN BUD.

BERLIN, March 7.

A sensation was caused in Munich by the arrest of fifteen persons accused of planning a coup d'etat in the middle of March. The ringleaders are stated to be Professor Koch, a well known dramatic critic, Herr Machhaus, a musical conductor and Doctor Kuehles ex legal adviser to the Munich town-council. The last named, who was temporarily released owing to lack of evidence, shot himself.

NEW AMERICAN DIRIGIBLE.

BLIGHT ROUND THE WORLD.

New York, March 7.

In a speech broadcasted by radiophone Admiral Moffett chief of the Aeronautics Bureau, stated that a new dirigible was being completed at Lakehurst (New Jersey). When commissioned it would be sent on "trips to the principal cities in America and round the world to the North and South poles.

INTERNATIONAL SOCCER.

BRITISH ARMY BEATEN.

LONDON, March 7.

Playing soccer at Shorncliffe the French Army beat the British Army by two goals to nil.

RUMOUR DENIED.

BERLIN, March 8.

Kruppe deny that they have taken over the Putiloff works at Petrograd.

CANTON TELEGRAPH STRIKE.

POLICE RAID MEETING.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CANTON, March 7. To-day, the Chinese Telegraph operators on strike held a meeting in the western suburb to discuss the appointment of the new manager. During the proceedings, the police carried out an armed raid on the premises arresting sixteen of those present. They were subsequently taken to the Telegraph offices but refused to work despite threats and promises.

At present, international cables are sent from Shamen to Hongkong where they are re-transmitted. The Canton Government is not hindered to any extent by the strike as wireless can be used.

RENTS QUERY.

CLAIM FOR POSSESSION.

LEGAL POINT AT ISSUE.

The main point at issue in an application for ejectment put before Mr. Justice Gompertz at the Supreme Court this morning was whether the receipt of rent up to the last day of the notice to quit was a waiver of the notice.

The parties in the case were Wong Shuen Lun, a merchant of 184 Des Voeux Road and Tai Loong Firm whom he sued for the possession of premises at 164 Des Voeux Road.

Mr. M. H. Turner appeared for plaintiff and Mr. M. K. Lo, for defendant.

The facts put forward by Mr. Turner were that the tenancy was a monthly one and that his client claimed possession of the premises from December 23. He stated that the notice to quit expired on the 28th of November but on the 29th defendant was still in possession. Considerable correspondence had passed between the parties arising from the notice to quit and on November 16 the S.C.A. sent for plaintiff. They complained about the notice, said Mr. Turner, and asked plaintiff if he would not agree to withdraw the notice. Plaintiff refused and rent was duly paid on November 28.

The whole point added Mr. Turner was whether the acceptance by the plaintiff of that rent was a waiver of the notice to quit and would it discharge the onus put upon defendant to prove that there was in fact a new tenancy agreement starting from the expiration of the notice to quit. In point of fact plaintiff did not agree to any new tenancy.

Supporting his defence Mr. Lo said that irrespective of any agreement and he was not trying to establish any agreement, he was relying on the inference to be drawn from the rent receipt.

Judgment was reserved.

CHINA SUGAR DIVIDEND.

TEN DOLLARS A SHARE.

The accounts of the China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., for the year ended 31st December 1922 have been closed and show a profit of \$172,762.46.

The General Agents and Consulting Committee, recommend transferring the sum of \$30,000 from Equalization of Dividend Fund to Profit and Loss A/C and paying a Dividend of \$10. per share absorbing \$200,000. the balance of \$2,762.46 being carried forward to the new account.

STABBING AFFRAY.

GANG ATTACKS CHINESE BOYS.

Yesterday afternoon two Chinese, aged 24 and 21 respectively, were admitted into the Government Civil Hospital suffering from stab-wounds in the head and back inflicted by ten men who suddenly attacked them in Centre Street. No motive has been adduced by the men.

HONGKONG HEALTH.

There seems to be a slight epidemic of small-pox at present. A number of cases have been notified this week, the majority from "Old and New Kowloon Registration District." Yesterday three more Chinese cases were reported, one from Victoria and two from Kowloon. One case of cerebro-spinal fever (Chinese) was also reported.

The forty-fifth ordinary annual meeting of shareholders in the China Sugar Refining Company, Limited, will be held at the offices of the General Agents, Messrs. Jardine Matheson and Company, Limited at 11.30 a.m. on the 27th.

DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUGAR REFINING CO.

NOTICE.

FORTY-FIFTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company held at the Office of the Agents, Pedder Street, on the 27th March at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1922.

TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 13th to the 15th March, both days inclusive.

J. MATTHEWSON & CO., LTD. General Agents. Hongkong, March 8, 1923.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO SHAREHOLDERS.

FORTY-FOURTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders held at the Office of the Agents, Pedder Street, on the 27th March at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Manager and a statement of Accounts for the year ended the 31st December.

The Register and Transfer Books closed from the 13th to the 15th March, both days inclusive.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD. General Managers.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD. Hongkong, March 8, 1923.

THE INSULAR AND CANTAL STEAM GATION CO.

TEAM FOR SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & BOMBAY.

THROUGHS OF LADING ISSUED FOR ECUMEDITERANEAN AND CONTINENTS AND LONDON.

The S. "LAHORE" carrying heavy mails will be dispatched this port at NOON on TUESDAY 13th March, taking cargo for two ports.

Silk and other cargo for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be voyaged by this steamer proceeding on and there transhipped to carrying steamer for Marseilles and London.

Parcels received at the Office until 3 p.m. day before sailing. The contents of all packages are required.

For further particulars apply to MACKINNON, CROCKEN & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, March 8, 1923.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD.

MR. LESLIE SOLBE GREENHILL has THIS DAY been appointed Acting Secretary to the above Companies vice Mr. Mowbray Stafford Northcote resigned. Pending Mr. Greenhill's return to the Colony Mr. Herbert Austin Rodgers will act as Secretary.

By Order of the Board of Directors. D. G. M. BERNARD, Chairman. Hongkong, March 7, 1923.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET furnished at the Peak. Box No. 1420 of "China Mail."

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via JAPAN PORTS and SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship "ELKRIDGE"

having arrived from above mentioned ports Wednesday, March 7th, 1923. Consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned or Delivery Orders issued.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 9 a.m. on Monday, March 12th, 1923, by Messrs. Anderson & Ashe, Marine Surveyors.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognised. No claims will be recognised after the goods have left the Godowns and cargo undelivered after March 13th, 1923, will be subject to rent.

No Fire insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for Delivery Orders immediately.

STRUTHERS & BARRY, Agents, U. S. S. B. Emergency Fleet Corporation. Hongkong, March 7, 1923.

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE.

We have pleasure in announcing that this Company has been appointed Sole Agents for Hongkong and South China ARROL-JOHNSTON, LTD., Manufacturers of the well-known ARROL-JOHNSTON and GALLOWAY CARS.

Prices of these cars in Hongkong will be the local equivalent of the listed prices ruling in Great Britain.

We have made arrangements with the Arrol-Johnston Company whereby a visitor to Great Britain from the Far East will be enabled to purchase at list prices an Arrol-John or a Galloway Car for his use in the Homeland, and his return to the Far East to have the car sent to the factory to be overhauled and suitably geared for the Colonies of Hongkong. In addition, the car would be packed, insured, and shipped to us for delivery in Hongkong, free of all charges to the owner.

Further particulars can be obtained from our Garage Showroom Pedder Street.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK

IS NOW ON SALE

AT THE OFFICES OF THE PUBLISHERS,

THE DOLLAR DIRECTORY CO.,

5, Wyndham Street, HONGKONG.

NOTICES.

SPRING FASHIONS

Lane, Crawford cordially invite Ladies to inspect the Advanced Models on view from

THURSDAY

when there will be a Special Show of HATS AND GOWNS in the newest materials for all occasions, also handembroidered

ROBE LENGTHS.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA.

TYPE K 2.

In Mahogany.

Non-set

Automatic stop.



Equipped with seven handsome record Albums.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

Tel. Cent. 1322. 2, Queen's Buildings, Opp. Wiseman's.

TRAVELLERS

C. P. GOERZ'S camera.

Sole Agents in China: HALL, LAW & CO. Telephone Central 3217. 10, Des Voeux Road Central.

TRIALS SOLICITED BY JAMES STEER

THE CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKER (Contractor to H. M. Naval Yard.) 8, 108 HOUSE STREET, HONGKONG.

YE OLDE PRINTERIE LIMITED

(SUCCESSORS TO PRINTING DEPT. HONGKONG PRINTING PRESS) 19, WYNDHAM STREET.

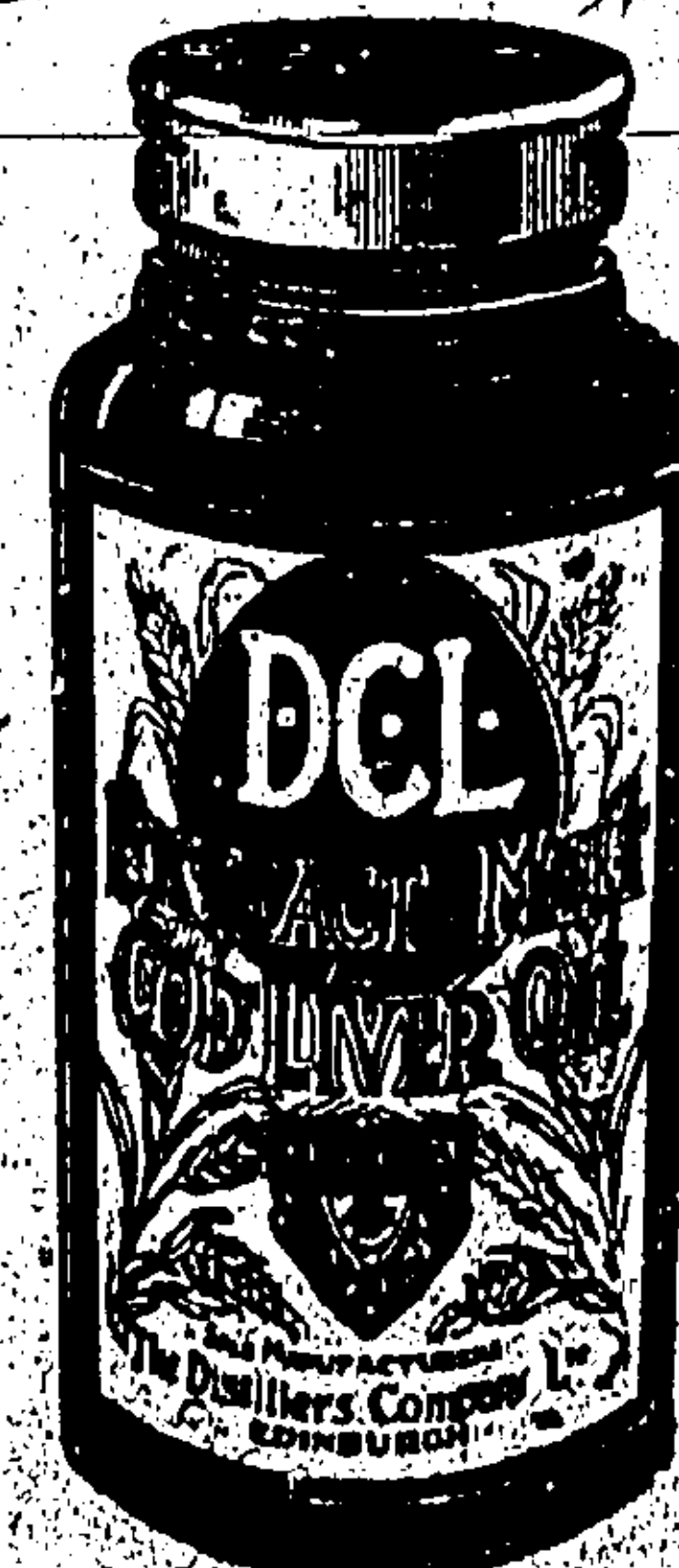
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS.

PRINTING AND ACCOUNT BOOK MAKING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION DONE WITH ACCURACY AND PROMPTNESS.

ALL WORK DONE UNDER THE PERSONAL SUPERVISION OF THE MANAGER V. C. LABRUM.

KAM HING KNITTING COMPANY.

Manufacturers of Socks, Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters, etc. 24, Haiphong Road, Kowloon. Telephone Kowloon 177. Manager: WONG KAM FUI.



Just Arrived

D. C. L.

Malt Extract with Cod Liver Oil

is a Nourishing and Nerve Building Tonic it is invaluable.

Price per 2 lb. Jar \$1.50 1 lb. Jar \$1.00

SOLE AGENTS: GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD. WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS. Tel. Central No. 125. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

SHIPPING.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 p.m. only)
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays 5 p.m. only)

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE

Sailings:—To Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays at 9 a.m. only).
Sailings:—From Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays at 3 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, 4A Des Voeux Road Central, Messrs. T. W. COOK & SON, or the American Express Company, Hongkong.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON VIA SUEZ.

S.S. "BOLTON CASTLE".....Sailing on or about 15th March
S.S. "MUNCASTER CASTLE".....Beginning of April.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING

FOR LEVANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS.

FUMES having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "TRIESTE".....Sailing on or about 26th Mar.
S.S. "VENEZIA".....Sailing on or about end April

FOR SHANGHAI.

S.S. "TRIESTE".....Sailing on or about 7th March.
S.S. "VENEZIA".....Beginning April

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMONA".....End of March.
S.S. "UMZUMBI".....Middle of April.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to:

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON ANTWERP & HAMBURG, MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

LONDON MARU (Taking Passengers).....Saturday, 10th Mar.
BUENOS AIRES—To Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban & Cape Town via Singapore. Passenger Service.CANADA MARU.....Tuesday, 27th Mar. at 11 a.m.
SCHMAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.HEINAN MARU.....Wednesday, 14th Mar.
BORNEO MARU.....Monday, 19th Mar.

DETA & BANGKOK VIA SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly Passenger Service.

KISHU MARU.....Sunday, 1st Apr.
CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.JAVA MARU.....Saturday, 10th Mar.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Via Shanghai and Japan Ports Direct—Taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S.A., Canada.

Passenger Service.

ALABAMA MARU.....Sunday, 16th Mar. at 10 a.m.
HAWANA MARU.....Thursday, 29th Mar.

JAPAN PORTS—Kobe & Yokohama.

KESLING via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers.

KIAO MARU.....Every Sunday 10 a.m.

AMAKUSA MARU.....Every Sunday 10 a.m.

SAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

SOBU MARU.....Tuesday, 13th Mar.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

K. SHIMA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. Central No. 4090.

BOSTON & NEW YORK.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. & CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

S.S. "CITY OF NORWICH".....via Suez Canal.....7th Mar.
S.S. "AGAMEMNON".....via Suez Canal.....15th Mar.
S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN".....via Suez Canal.....22nd Mar.
S.S. "EURYBATES".....via Suez Canal.....29th Mar.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

Subject to change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to

SUTHERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

HONGKONG & CANTON REIMS & CO., CANTON.

KONGKONG & CANTON

REIMS & CO., CANTON.

KONGKONG & CANTON

REIMS & CO., CANTON.

KONGKONG & CANTON

REIMS & CO., CANTON.

KONGKONG & CANTON

REIMS & CO., CANTON.

SHIPPING.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Reduced Fares to Europe

FIRST-CLASS

£120 Connecting with Canadian Pacific Atlantic Expresses. £112 Connecting with Cabin Atlantic.

SECOND-CLASS.

£82 Connecting with Monoclass Cabin Atlantic Steamers. £80 Connecting with Cabin Atlantic.

New Canadian Pacific Monoclass Cabin Atlantic.
Mont Laurier 17,100 tons gross. Montrose 16,400 tons.
Montcalm 16,400 tons gross. Montclare 16,400 tons.

If desired, passengers may be routed via any Atlantic

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Tel. Central 752. — Hongkong Office. — Cables: PAC.

NANYO YUSEN KAIS.

(The South Sea Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.)

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE

between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAV

For Batavia, Samarang & Sourabaya
"BANDOENG MARU".....sailing on or about Mar.For Moji, Kobe and Yokohama.
"CHERIBON MARU".....sailing on or about Mar.

For further particulars please apply to—

T. WATSE,

2nd floor, P. Building.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE OF Fast, High Class Coast S.S. having good Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and in Bunkrooms and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHU

AND RETURN (Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

HAIPHONG.....Capt. W. O. Pasmore.....THURSDAY Mar. at 3 p.m.
HAIPHONG.....Capt. Ellis Walker.....SUNDAY Mar. at 9 a.m.
HAIPHONG.....Capt. J. S. Thomson.....TUESDAY Mar. at 1 p.m.

SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (off the Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

DOUGLAS LARKE & Co.

General Managers.

"ELLERMAN" LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. LTD.)

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT SERVICE.

OUTWARDS.

"CITY OF POONA".....16th March.....Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

HOMEWARDS.

"CITY OF SIMLA".....24th March.....Marseil London, Hamburg.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

"CITY OF POONA".....16th March.....Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama
"CITY OF SIMLA".....24th March.....Marseil London, Hamburg
"CITY OF POONA".....26th April.....Marseil London, Hamburg

Subject to change without notice.

For further particulars apply to—

REISS & CO., THE BANK LINE, LTD., Canton.

Tel. Central 780.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

SEATTLE & VICTORIA

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA

SPECIAL THRU REDUCED RATES TO EUROPE.

PRESIDENT GRANT (For Seattle).....March 11th
PRESIDENT MADISON (For Seattle).....March 23rdPRESIDENT GRANT (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)
PRESIDENT MADISON (Sailing Every 18 days)

SHIPPING.

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

OPERATING U.S. GOVERNMENT SHIPS.

EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE.

TO LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

U.S.S.B. "Dewey".....Due Hongkong 16th Mar.
Leaves Hongkong 17th Mar.
U.S.S.B. "Elbridge".....Due Hongkong 2nd Apr.
Leaves Hongkong 3rd Apr.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SHIPBOARD PORTS THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. AND CANADIAN OVERLAND POINT.

TO MANILA AND SINGAPORE.

U.S.S.B. "Elbridge".....Due Hongkong 7th Mar.
Leaves Hongkong 8th Mar.

TO MANILA ONLY.

U.S.S.B. "West Prospect".....Due Hongkong 23rd Mar.
Leaves Hongkong 24th Mar.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PORTS NOT SERVED.

FOR FULL INFORMATION APPLY TO

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

L. EVERETT, General Agent for JAPAN-CHINA-PAKISTAN-INDO-CHINA-STRATA AND JAV.

1st Floor, Queen's Building, Central No. 3006. G. E. BRADFORD, B.A. Agent.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the office of The Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited):—

Yagimoto c/o Yamashin, from Kyoto.

Amexet, from Yokohama.

Blaiss, from Yagumi.

Monsieur, from Marseilles.

Import (2), from Paris.

Harlan, from Kobe.

Q448, from Wamashin.

Auyang (3), from Hankow.

Laukakhee, from Shanghai.

Kuhing Kwanglo, from Shanghai.

Hawwong Monkan Lant, from Dairen.

Changhokkee c/o Cheekie 2nd Floor No. 4, Saigon Street, Kowloon City, from Tientsin.

Uwang Yiah 64, Bonham, from Cienbuntem.

N. LUND, Act. Superintendent.

Hongkong, March 1, 1923.

EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRAL-ASIA & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO., Ltd.

List of unclaimed telegrams lying in E. E. Telegraph Office, Hongkong.

Okura, from Sevilla.

Wincon, from Samsun.

M. E. F. AIREY, Superintendent.

Hongkong, March 1, 1923.

MOVEMENT OF STEAMERS.

The B. F. "Diamant" left Port Said on Mar. 2 for London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

The O.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Asia" arrived at Kobe on Mar. 7 at 5 a.m. left Kobe on Mar. 7 at noon and was due at Nagasaki on Mar. 8 at 9 a.m.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Yamato Maru" (Bombay Line) left Moji for Hongkong on Mar. 4 and is expected here on Mar. 9.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Malacca Maru" (Calcutta Line) left Moji for Hongkong on Mar. 6 and is expected here on Mar. 10.

The B. F. s.s. "Deucalion" left Liverpool on Jan. 27 for Penang, Port Swettenham, Singapore, Hongkong, Kobe and Yokohama and is due here on or about Mar. 10.

The B. F. s.s. "Indien" left Port Said on Feb. 7 and is expected here on Mar. 10.

The P. & O. s.s. "Nankin" left Singapore for this port on Wednesday Mar. 7 at noon with the outward English Mail, and is due here on Monday Mar. 12 at about 4 p.m.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Tajima Maru" (Hamburg Line) left Singapore for Hongkong on Mar. 6 and is expected here on Mar. 12.

The O.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" arrived at Yokohama on Mar. 1 p.m. left Yokohama on Mar. 3 p.m. and is due at Vancouver on Mar. 12.

The B. F. s.s. "Lion" left Liverpool on Feb. 3 for Penang, Port Swettenham and Singapore. Hongkong, Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama and is due here on or about Mar. 13.

The P. & O. s.s. "Soudan" left Liverpool on Feb. 24 for Penang, Port Swettenham, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama and is due here on or about Mar. 16.

The Dodwell Castle Line s.s. "Munster Castle" which left New York on Jan. 11 via ports is expected in Hongkong on March 17.

The B. F. s.s. "Philoctetes" left Liverpool on Feb. 14 and is expected here on Mar. 22.

The B. F. s.s. "Bellerophon" left New York on Jan. 30 for Suez, Straits, Philippines and Hongkong and is due here on or about Mar. 24.

The B. F. s.s. "Perseus" left Liverpool on Feb. 24 for Penang, Port Swettenham, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama and is due here on or about Mar. 21.

The P. M. s.s. "President Taft" is scheduled to sail for San Francisco via usual ports on Mar. 14 and will arrive San Francisco on Apr. 6.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE.

OUTWARD from Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

M.V. "RHEINLAND".....due Hongkong about 18th March.
M.V. "ERMLAND".....due Hongkong about 17th April.

HOMEWARD for Rotterdam and Hamburg via Philippine Islands.

M.V. "HAYRELAND".....leaving Hongkong about 18th March.
M.V. "RHEINLAND".....leaving Hongkong about 24th April.
Will call at Barcelona.

M.V. "ERMLAND".....leaving Hongkong about 26th May.

AGENTS:

ARNHOLD BROTHERS & CO., LTD.

1A, Chater Road. Phone Central No. 1500.

Canton—Carlowitz & Co. Macao—A. A. de Mello.

Swatow—Gebrüder Rosse. Amoy—Pasdag & Co.

Fookchow—Stomessen & Krohn. Manila (Outward) O. Bauf.

(Homeward) E. Viegelmann & Co.

PORTLAND DIRECT P

and transshipment for New Orleans, Mobile, Savannah, Charleston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.

OPERATING UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SHIPS.

Vessels For Hongkong Return Hongkong (loading) For Portland

U.S.S.B. s.s. "Montague".....Mid. Mar.
U.S.S.B. s.s. "West Jessup".....31st Mar. End Apr.
U.S.S.B. s.s. "West Kader".....26th Mar. End Apr.

ARNHOLD BROTHERS & CO., LTD.

1A, Chater Road. Phone Central 1500.

Thos. Cook & Son.

BANKING AND EXCHANGE DEPT.

COOK'S CIRCULAR NOTES combine

MAXIMUM SAFETY with CONVENIENCE.

A special feature is the precautions Taken to ensure

the maximum safety possible.

Ask for descriptive booklet at any of our offices.

Head Office:— LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C. Local Address:—

Telegraphic Address:—COUPON. HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING. Telephone: Central No. 524-5.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON

FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any craft of 300 feet long.

"SOLIGNUM"

THE ONLY REMEDY AGAINST DESTRUCTION OF
WOODWORK BY WHITE ANTS AND DRAY-ROT.
"SOLIGNUM"
DOES NOT EVAPORATE, CRACK OR PEEL, BUT
SEARCHES RIGHT INTO THE WOOD.

Sole Agents:
ARNHOLD BROTHERS & Co., Ltd.
1A, Chatter Road. Phone Central 1500.

THE MANCHU EMPEROE.**A CHARACTER SKETCH.**

An article describing the youthful Manchu Emperor has been written by Mr. R. F. Johnston, the Emperor's tutor, and is published in *The Times*. He explains why the term "Emperor" is used where most people would probably expect to find "ex-Emperor." The Manchu Emperor's position is different from that of the various abdicated monarchs in several European countries. It was expressly stipulated in the Agreement of 1912 between the Imperial Court and the Republican Party that the Emperor should keep his Imperial title, together with certain privileges, should receive a large subsidy from the State for the upkeep of his Court and household, and should always be treated by the Republican Government with the courtesy and respect which would be accorded to a foreign Sovereign on Chinese soil.

Ever since the acceptance of the compromise which terminated the revolution, the Emperor has continued to reside in the Imperial Palace in Peking, has been accorded Imperial honours there, and has maintained most harmonious relations with the successive Presidents of the Republic. It may be pointed out that the official title of the Manchu ruler never was "Emperor of China," but *Ta Ching Kuo Ta Huang Ti*, or, more briefly, *Ta Ching Huang Ti*—"The Great Emperor of China"—and this is the title by which he still the legal right to be addressed. The dynastic name *Ching*, which means "Pure," is simply a Chinese translation of the word "Manchu," which was originally the name of that clan of Nu-Chen Tartars to which the Ching emperors traced their ancestry.

THE PERSONAL NAME.

Like all his countrymen, the Emperor has a variety of personal names. His "milk-name"—that given to him in infancy—was "Wu," which means "Son-day." It is never used now. The more formal name which he was given before he came to the throne was "Pu Yi." After his accession this name practically became taboo, for it was improper to speak of the Emperor by his personal designation. Those who feel that courtesy is not incompatible with Republicanism usually refer to the Emperor respectfully, though not quite accurately, as "His Imperial Majesty." Strictly speaking, this is not a personal name, but a "reign-title"—just as "Kang-hsi" and "Chien-lung" are not names but reign-titles. It is not till after an emperor's death that he really acquires a name that can be freely as well as correctly used.

The present young Emperor has realised the inconvenience of not having a name which can properly be applied to him during his lifetime; and having discovered that Western monarchs have personal names that can be so used, he decided not long ago to provide himself with a foreign name. The name he selected was Henry. Shortly before his wedding he bestowed a foreign name upon his Empress as well, choosing a name, like his own, is well and creditably known in the annals of English Royalty—Elizabeth.

POETIC GIFTS.

By foreign reckoning the Emperor will not be seventeen till February, 1923, and his bride is eight months younger than himself. He is rather above the average height of his countrymen, and has not ceased growing. He is slender, with dark, frank eyes, a pleasant smile, and a thoughtful expression. His hands are small and well-formed, and his fingers, which are remarkably supple, are those of an artist. As to his manner, they are the manners of a Manchu gentleman. Nothing more need be said, for no higher praise could be given.

He has inherited some of the poetic gifts of his great ancestor, the Emperor Kao Tsung (Chien-lung). He has written a good deal of verse in the classic style, and has even tried his hand at the modern colloquial style which is now affected by up-to-date Young China. Several of his classic poems have been published by him over an assumed name in a Peking newspaper. This does not bode well for his future as a poet, but it is a fact which is unknown to most of his countrymen.

SCHOOLBOY AS FATHER.**MAGISTRATES OVERRIDE DOCTOR'S EVIDENCE.**

More is likely to be heard of an amazing paternity case which occupied the attention of a Cumberland Bench of Magistrates, inasmuch as notice of appeal was given against their decision.

A schoolboy of fourteen, son of a gentleman farmer of Penrith, was adjudged to be the father of the child of Mary Lumsden, an attractive-looking girl of nineteen, who lives at Workington.

Although the boy admitted intimacy with the girl when he was only thirteen, he denied that he was the father, and it was set up on his behalf that he could not have been because of the period of gestation—nearly ten months.

Medical evidence was called on behalf of the boy, and two doctors declared that it was a physical impossibility for him to have been the father.

But in view of his own admission in a letter to the girl, the Bench made an order for the payment of £5. a week until the child should reach the age of sixteen.

than two or three. Even the editor of the newspaper which published the poem was not in the secret.

The Emperor's literary talents have been well fostered by his Chinese teachers, all of whom had been men of nation-wide celebrity. From these distinguished scholars, and others who have passed away, the young Emperor has imbibed genuine taste for good literature. He has also acquired from them the art of calligraphy—always in China included among the fine arts—and wields his brush in a way that has won the admiration of experts. His English handwriting, also, is bold and "formed," and is certainly not modelled on that of his English tutor. His artistic gifts, in fact, are inborn. He has never been taught to draw, either in Chinese or in foreign style, yet he is most skilful in the portrayal of figures, human and other. He draws with great rapidity, using a foreign pencil, and often produces vivid sketches with a few deft strokes.

CHINESE CHANGES.

The Emperor is Chinese in sympathy, in education, in general outlook. All his Imperial ancestors strove, with astonishing success, to identify themselves with Chinese interests in every possible way; and it is due to this consistently pursued policy that the line of demarcation between Manchus and Chinese is now nearly obliterated. The Emperor readily assimilates "new views," is tolerant of heretical opinions, reads newspapers voraciously, and is immeasurably more familiar with social and political world-currents than the majority of those among whom he lives. He had his queue taken off early in 1922, much to the disgust of the three Imperial dowagers, and against the wishes of his two Chinese tutors. The result of this, that, for the first time since the establishment of the Manchu dynasty, the Forbidden City is now practically queueless. Nevertheless, both the Chinese tutors, as a silent protest against what they regarded as an act of disloyalty on the part of his Majesty to the traditions of his house, have retained their queues to this day. This matter of cutting off a superfluous hair may appear to be a trifling example of the Emperor's progressive tendencies; but those who know China and the tenacity of "old custom" in that country will readily understand that it was no trifling matter at all, but an out-and-out manifestation of a very significant inner rebellion against that spirit of tyrannical conservatism which was one of the fundamental causes of the ruin of the dynasty.

The Emperor is under no delusions as to his own position, or as to the present status of China among the nations of the world. Though naturally high-spirited, he has not the gaiety and lightness of heart that a boy of his age should have. He has never become reconciled to his narrow and artificial upbringing, and makes no secret of his longing for liberty. But he has not over an assumed name in a Peking newspaper. This does not bode well for his future as a poet, but it is a fact which is unknown to most of his countrymen.

He has inherited some of the poetic gifts of his great ancestor, the Emperor Kao Tsung (Chien-lung). He has written a good deal of verse in the classic style, and has even tried his hand at the modern colloquial style which is now affected by up-to-date Young China. Several of his classic poems have been published by him over an assumed name in a Peking newspaper. This does not bode well for his future as a poet, but it is a fact which is unknown to most of his countrymen.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.**A PRAISEWORTHY EFFORT.**

The Concert at the Theatre Royal given by the Hongkong Philharmonic Society last night though better attended than the advance booking led the promoters to expect was not such a success from that point of view as they deserved.

The eight items on the programme consisted of well-known ballads and part songs which were rendered by a chorus and orchestra numbering over 60 ladies and gentlemen. It opened with the ballad "Song of the Western Men" which is familiar to most Englishmen. The chorus in this item was not well balanced and the male voices were drowned by the sopranos in several places. There were occasional notes too where it seemed that the basses had not quite mastered their part. The orchestral symphony with which it opened was inclined to be weak. It is probable however that this would not have been so noticeable had the time been a little accelerated. As it was it struck mournful note.

The duets by Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Collett were very charmingly rendered, their voices blending unusually well. The two items given by them were received with enthusiasm. We look forward to another opportunity of listening to them.

"The Beggar's Opera" given by Miss Jean Lawson and Engineer Commander Hocken, R.N., was well received and deserved praise. It is a difficult passage and requires much care. The balance of the voices in this item was not all that could be desired, Miss Lawson's powerful voice occasionally eclipsing her partner.

Mr. Eric Rice gave a very pleasing piano solo which called forth much applause. His skill is now well known and his control of the sympathies of his audience shows that he is a master of his art. The first item "Pot Pourri" was strikingly beautiful and extremely well rendered.

The choral work was on the whole well done and it is satisfactory to know that there is talent enough in the Colony to produce so good a performance as was presented. As amateurs the chorus are deserving of the highest praise and the time and trouble given by them to practising, they may rest assured, is fully appreciated by those who had the pleasure of being present last night.

Good as the concert was a word of advice may not be out of place; so finally we would offer a suggestion that the Society might do well to give more attention to the crescendo and diminuendo passages. Had this been more in evidence it would have been difficult to find a flaw in their entertainment.

We sincerely hope that the Hongkong Philharmonic Society, having come to life again, will be encouraged to give us another concert in the near future and we trust that the public will realise that their whole-hearted support is not only desirable but is absolutely necessary to encourage the efforts of those who take considerable trouble to provide entertainment for them.

MOTHER-IN-LAW'S VIGIL.**A NIGHT ON GUARD.**

Mrs. Olive Josepha Clara O'Brien, of Harrington-road, West Ealing, W., asked for a judicial separation on the ground of the alleged cruelty of her husband, Maurice Martin O'Brien, stated to have been a lieutenant in the Supply and Transport Corps of the Indian Army. He denied the charges, and alternatively pleaded that if there had been any cruelty it was condoned.

Mrs. O'Brien, in the witness-box, denied the suggestion to Mr. Cotes-Freedy (for the husband) that her mother was the cause of the trouble.

Mrs. Clara Copas, mother of Mrs. O'Brien, was asked by Mr. Cotes-Freedy, for the husband: "Was not your son-in-law really very fond of his wife?—He had a funny way of showing it if he was."

Mr. Cotes-Freedy: "After he is said to have assaulted your daughter, they slept together the same night?"

Mrs. Copas said she did not think her daughter got much sleep. She (Mrs. Copas) and her husband remained all night outside the bedroom door, which was left ajar. "We stayed on guard on the floor," she added, "as we did not feel inclined to leave our daughter alone with him."

What could you have done?—I told her if he touched her again she was to scream out and we were on the alert.

Mr. Oliver Frederick Copas, Mrs. O'Brien's father, said his daughter and son-in-law used to get on all right together until the latter got his commission. Then he seemed to be "too big for himself."

Mr. Cotes-Freedy: "Is your wife a bit of a commanding officer?—Not over me." (Laughter.)

The judge adjourned.

BISHOP OF MACAO.**PRESENTATION AT SINGAPORE.**

There was a very large congregation at the Church of St. Joseph, Singapore, last week, for confirmation administered by the Rev. Dom Jose da Costa Nunes, Bishop of Macao. The mass over, confirmation was commenced, an unusually large number—over 500 people in all—receiving.

After the service the Bishop sat at the portico of the Church, where the following illuminated address printed on exquisite silk was read by Mr. Simon C. de Souza on behalf of the congregation:—

"We, the parishioners of the Church of St. Joseph, Singapore, belonging to the Portuguese Mission under the Diocese of Macao, beg to extend to your Lordship our heartfelt welcome on this your first pastoral visit."

"Your elevation to the high and responsible office has been of greatest gratification to us, and we beg to express the hope that your sojourn amongst us may be both a pleasant and memorable one for your Lordship as it will undoubtedly be for us, during which our congregation shall inaugurate them selves as true children of the church."

"Never shall we forget the faithfully interest evinced in the welfare of this portion of his flock by our late lamented Bishop Dom Joao Paulino d'Azevedo e Castro. To his untiring efforts the completion of our new church, the new Mission House and extensions to the St. Anthony's Convent were in the main due."

"Our grief at the loss of such a kind father was largely mitigated by the glad news that you had been appointed as his successor. Knowing as we do your long connection with the diocese and your intimate relationship with your predecessor we are assured of a continuity of paternal interest in our welfare, both spiritual and temporal."

"We pledge to your Lordship our filial obedience and sincerely pray that Providence may bestow His choicest blessings on you, and spare you to us for many years to guide us and minister to us with the zeal, love and affection already abundantly manifest."

The address was signed for and on behalf of the congregation of the Church of St. Joseph, Singapore, by Messrs. Simon C. de Souza, Jovita J. Pereira, Claudio A. da Silva, Matthew P. de Souza and Francis H. J. Leynard.

His Lordship replied first in Portuguese and then in English, thanking the congregation for their kind welcome, saying that in his next visit he would be pleased to see the congregation vastly increased.

The Bishop's blessing brought the ceremony to a close.

The Bishop had come from Goa where he went to witness and assist in the exposition of the body of St. Francis Xavier recently.

CHANGSHA TO CANTON.**LONG OVERLAND "HIKE."**

After walking overland from Changsha to Canton Mr. Gordon L. Burke, American Vice-Consul at Changsha, has returned to his post. Mr. Burke left Changsha on the overland trip on February 3, returning from Canton by steamer.

Those who set out with Mr. Burke from Changsha were Mr. John G. F. Speiden, Mr. William Rice Cooper and Mr. Stanley Woodward, all of the faculty of the Yale in China University at Changsha, and the Rev. Clarence Horner of the American Christian Mission. They first went by rail a distance of "sixty miles" southeast to Liling where a walk of 200 miles started. At Liling Mr. Burke separated from his companions, as they proceeded and he was detained on business several days.

From Liling he walked 200 miles to Ping Chek and there took a native boat on the North River down which he was carried through one stretch of rapids after another a distance of 100 miles to Shueichow, present northern terminus of the Canton-Hankow Railway.

Mr. Burke covered the remaining hundred miles of the journey to Canton over the railway line. On the trip, he said, he passed through the lines of troops of several factions and he added that from all of these he received every courtesy. At the time he was crossing the border into Kwangtung the Kwangtung forces were just retreating from Canton and he said northern Kwangtung was filled with these troops.

Mr. Burke, who was born in Shanghai and has a record of service in France while the war was in progress, is son of the pioneer missionary, the Rev. W. B. Burke, who now is established at the Southern Methodist Mission at Shanghai.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.**ARRIVALS.**

Nanking, (China Mail) from San Francisco, Shanghai.—A2.

Kwong Sang, (B. & S.) from Bangkok, Shanghai.—B24.

Kwong Sang, (J. M. & Co.) from Canton.—West Point.

Glenalloch, (Seng Seng Hong) from Penang, Singapore.—A6.

Elkridge, (St. & Barry) from San Francisco, Shanghai.—D.G.A.

Kanagawa Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Buenos Aires, Singapore.—A25.

Halvard, (Wo Fat Sing) from Canton.—West Point.

Chenon, (B. & S.) from Bangkok.—C46.

Mishima Maru, (Y.K.K.) from Keelung, Swatow.—Wanchai.

Newchwang, (B. & S.) from Saigon. Glymont, (Ad. Line) from Saigon.—C19.

Hwah Wu, (Dodwell & Co.) from Chinwantan.—B51.

Hsin Pingan, (Yue Woo) from Canton.—C18.

Mohou, (Tung Tuck) from Canton.—30.

DEPARTURES.

Kwai Wah, (Shun Hing) for Tourane.—March 8.

Chible, (B. & S.) for Canton.—March 8.

Taikowwanyi, (B. & S.) for Hongay.—March 8.

Honolulu, (O.S.K.) for Bombay, Singapore.—March 8.

Taisima, (Yan Fat) for Kwong Chow Wan.—March 8.

Poole, (Hung Shun) for Fort Bayard.—March 8.

Hydrangea, (Chin On) for Swatow.—March 8.

Kanagawa Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Yokohama, Shanghai.—March 8.

Namsang, (J. M. & Co.) for Calcutta, Singapore.—March 8.

Elkridge, (St. & Barry) for Manila.—March 8.

Koyo Maru, (T.K.K.) for Batavia.—March 8.

Hsin Ping, (An Yue Woo) for Canton.—March 9.

Yuen Sang, (J. M. & Co.) for Manila.—March 9.

FOOTBALL.**KOWLOON v. TITANIA.**

The following will represent the Kowloon Football Club in their last Division League match v. H. M. S. "Titania" on the Navy "A" ground, on Saturday, March 10:—Woodman; Wheeler, Knight, Morrison, McKelvie, Pasco; Clemo, Hall, Scully, Duncan, Mason.

Mr. Leslie Salbu Greenhill has been appointed acting secretary of the Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd. and the Hongkong Land Reclamation Co., Ltd. in succession to Mr. M. S. Northcote. Pending Mr. Greenhill's return to the colony, Mr. Herbert Austin Rodgers will act as secretary.

THE MOST IMPORTANT NEWS TO YOU TO-DAY

If You Suffer With Indigestion Is the Story of Mr. Henry Potter, Cured By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Here It Is.

Famous for over thirty years as a specific for digestive troubles, Dr. Williams' pink pills are no new and unproven remedy, but one with a reputation based upon world-wide public confidence. Numbers of former sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia in Europe, America, Africa, Asia and Australia have gratefully testified to cures by Dr. Williams' pink pills. The following personal evidence comes from Mr. H. Potter, who resides at 12 Crawford Terrace, Wellington, New Zealand.

"I suffered from indigestion for many years," says Mr. Potter, "and the awful time I had makes me shudder when I recall them. I got so bad that I dread eating anything, and what I did eat seemed to lie on my stomach like a stone. My sleep became broken at night, and I would be awake for hours. I always had a nasty taste in my mouth, my breath was very offensive, I became low spirited, depressed and thin, and had no colour in my cheeks."

"I tried lots of medicines but got only temporary relief. Often I had to stop walking along the road as the pain caught me and doubled me up. I used to imagine my heart was affected as it would palpitate on the slightest exertion."

"One of my friends noticing how ill I was at last persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' pink pills. After the first few doses I felt better and brighter, and began to eat well. Now thanks to Dr. Williams' pink pills I am in perfect health."

By rapidly enriching the blood Dr. Williams' pink pills, revitalize the nervous system and give fresh strength and energy to all the organs of the body, thus removing the causes of anaemia, indigestion, nervous debility, rheumatism, neuralgia, skin complaints, as well as of the special aches and ills of women. Dealers everywhere sell them. Also post free, bottle \$1.50, 6 bottles \$8, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Exchange Road, Shanghai.

Rob It In

A good many people think rheumatism cannot be cured without taking nauseous medicines. Chamberlain's Pain-Balm, however, thoroughly into the skin has cured far more rheumatism than any internal remedy in existence and gives relief quicker. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.**NATURE'S BEST****Milk, and its products****BUTTER • CHEESE • ICE CREAM**

are the most nourishing of all foods for people of all ages.

There are no substitutes for

DAIRY PRODUCTS, and HEALTH

Include a liberal supply of the above in the daily diet and insure the health and efficiency of the family.

Fresh Milk 15 per bottle.	Daisy & Dairy Maid Butter \$1.10 and \$1 per lb.
Cheese 80 per lb.	Ice Cream \$2 per quart.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE Co., Ltd.

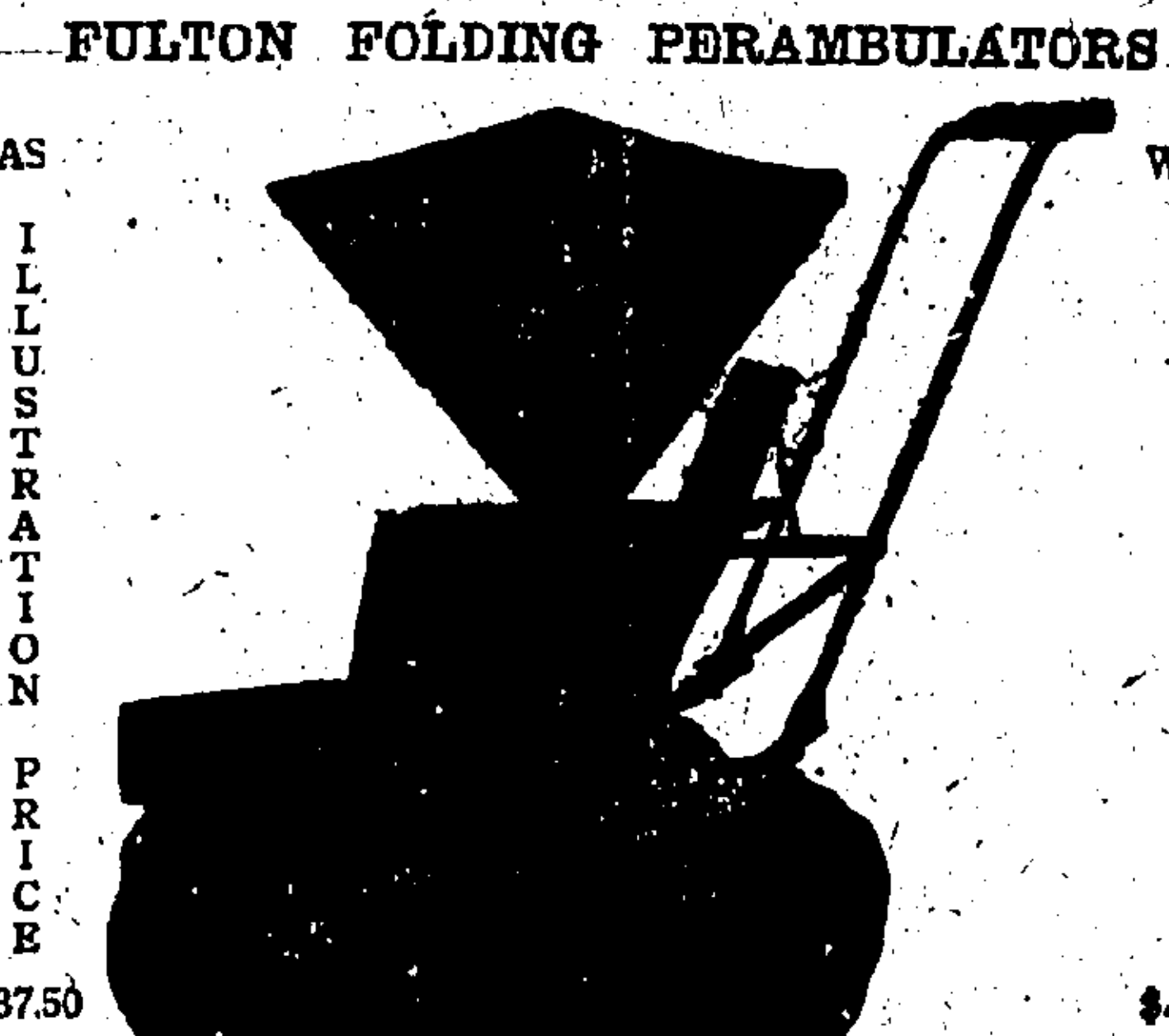
WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW

HAVE RECEIVED A FRESH SELECTION OF
BABY CARRIAGES, FOLDING PRAMS,
PUSH CARPET SEAT CHAIRS & HIGH CHAIRS.

BABY CARRIAGES WELL UPHOLSTERED
WITH HOOD & WATERPROOF APRONS.

PRICES:—\$79.50, \$85.00, \$89.50, \$95.00, \$100.00,
\$105.00, \$115.00, \$130.00, \$140.00, \$150.00
and \$160.00 each.

Carpet.	Also
Seat	Convertible
Go Carts	High Chairs
Without	Made of
Hoods	Polished
Fitted With	Hard Wood
Steel Wheels	\$28.00
and Rubber	and
Tyres.	\$24.50
Each.	Each—
\$18.50	
and	
\$21.00	
Each.	

FULTON FOLDING PERAMBULATORS

AS ILLUSTRATED WITH EXTENDED HOOD PRICE \$45.00 EACH.

WHITEAWAY'S

FIRST FLOOR.

Daniel Crawford's
"Vene Vobis"
(HEALTH TO YOU)
Bare & Very Old Liqueur
— BLENDED —
Scotch Whisky.
Daniel Crawford & Son, Limited,
Glasgow.

Sole Agents:—**HOLLAND PACIFIC TRADING CO., LTD.**

ACTOR'S LONG DRINK.

HALF A GALLON IN SIX MINUTES.

In the first act of the musical play, "Lilac Time," at the Lyric Theatre, W. Edmund Gwenn, who plays the part of Christian Valt, a Court glass-maker, drinks

more than half a gallon in about 10 minutes. The water is tinted with burnt sugar to give it the appearance of wine.

Mr. Gwenn gives this demonstration of drinking eight times a week in the second scene of the play.

great quantity of wine in order to persuade him to assent to the engagement of his two daughters to a postmaster and a saddler.

This quick consumption of liquid has greatly puzzled many members of the audience, some of whom have written to Mr. Gwenn on the subject. He has been asked if it is a trick.

Shortly after swallowing his 17 glasses of wine, Gwenn told a Daily Mail reporter that he feels no ill effects from his "quick-fire" drinking. "I do not have a meal before the performance," he said, "and this makes a difference. I do not think I should be able to swallow all this water after a heavy meal."

THE FILMS

PROGRAMME FEATURES.

TO-NIGHT.

Coronet Theatre.—Mary Pickford in "Through the Back Door."
World Theatre.—William Farnum in "Wolves of the Night."
Star Theatre.—Madge Kennedy in "Baby Mine."

FILM PROGRESS.

SOME RECENT CHANGES.

It is easy to recognise changes spread over a long period, broad differences in the same subject. So in the consideration of films a vast development is notably apparent since the days of the cowboy drama. No longer, or at least not seldom, do heroes in campaign hats and fur-trimmed trousers captivate the small boy's heart and stir the pseudo-adventurous as they shoot six shots from the right hand and roll a casual cigarette in the left. The good old days (1) are gone.

True, we have Douglas Fairbanks and some shadowy followers, figures of a thousand stout gymnastic feats. But there they stop. "Duggie" is "Duggie," and the story is merely incidental. Falling over a cliff and being caught in a tree is the main thing—the critic and the cynic can go to bed.

Fortunately, however, there is more artistry in the film world than that of the horizontal bars, and even the long-suffering spectator of muscular energy can find far more to his liking. And, anyhow, to put it briefly, Rome was not built in a day.

By examining what has gone before, and particularly what has taken place in the immediate past, by looking, that is, at the pictures of 1922, we may attempt to forecast the triumphs or otherwise of 1923, and arrive at the general trend of affairs.

BURLESQUE LAUREL.
In these columns some time ago (says a writer in a home paper) particulars were given as to the cost of film production and we saw how lavish in some cases the figures were. Large expenditures, indeed, to have been the predominant note of the year that has gone. Lately "Foolish Wives" consumed a record sum running nearly to half a million pounds. Undoubtedly producers in such cases get their money's worth: settings, exterior and interiors, dresses and devices of all sorts are gorgeous. The result, as has been previously remarked, is a splendid show.

Shows, all the same, are not original, while good acting is becoming more and more every day in the film studio. Even when a good actor or actress is found, the star system steps in, and he or she

is magnified beyond proportion, decorated and surrounded by futile accessories, and exploited to the vulgar content.

If a lady is found with attractive legs and easily marked eyelashes, she is clothed at once in tights, laden with jewels, and left to toddle in butterfly wings to the title of "Passion" or "The Bonds of Love." (These titles, of course, are fictitious, but still —) It may really sometimes be wondered whether such-and-such a company credits the public with the meanest taste or intelligence.

At first pictures of this type attracted big houses, till common sense made itself felt and the greater rental the less became the box-office receipts.

PLEASANT PICTURES.
On the other hand, a finer impression was left by productions of a different type. "Smilin' Through" has already been praised, and praised deservedly. No film of the year was so worthy, so widely appreciated, and so promising. It appealed because of its truth, its sweetness, its all-round quality. The acting was good, Norma Tallmadge won fresh laurels, and the producer had taste combined with business instinct.

Noteworthy, moreover, have been some smaller, less ambitious efforts. Recently I attended a house where the main film was not of a story nature and where as a species of "sop to the groundlings" a short play was shown. The central character was an amorous sea-captain, nothing more, and the tale circled round a complete success, and left a satisfied sensation that was entirely general.

What is called for is acting, the mirroring of life, a following on the lines of the "straight" drama, and an honest attempt to leave behind the theatre at its best. And in consolation, "it is better to travel hopefully than to arrive." Truth, the play, and legitimate credit.

COMEDY DRAMAS.
In the realm of the comedy there have been many shifting aspects. From the old rough-and-tumble fun of dropping a bucket of dirty water on a later rival's head or the "clouting" of a fat policeman, there have been many strange gradations. Men sliding down a coal-shute have been followed by embryo golfers, and close upon them the explosive cars of Henry Ford. Century Comedies now introduce a monkey and a clever dog, it must be admitted with fading popularity.

Bobby Vernon, for one, has had a long run, marking the reign of the "newly-weds" series. But that too seems on the verge of disappearance. Probably the most attractive comedy film of recent date was "The Show," featuring Harry Semon. Here, perhaps, this actor has reached his climax.

The appeal of Charlie Chaplin is more than on its wane. It is to be remarked that in the provinces he is seldom exhibited. The reason for this, it has been alleged, is the

high value he puts upon his labour, but rumours of new efforts circulate.

A NOTABLE SERIAL.
The serial we may always have with us—(yes, and to all appearances for them too.) A serial is seldom shown in the bigger houses. Exceptions, however, have been such films as the Gaumont Company's excellent "Three Musketeers," for instance. And this company, it may here be remarked, have much to be proud of in their production of "Rob Roy," a description of the making of which I gave in these columns in July.

One serial, nevertheless, has left an indelible mark—"The Leather Pushers," wherein Reginald Denny, a new English actor, plays the lead—a serial, he it said, of a new and much appreciated nature. Its story will by now be familiar, the adventures of a young ex-college man forced by pecuniary circumstances to take up boxing, and each episode or "round," complete in itself, is a fight in his career. The humour and remarkable carrying power of this picture have made it a popular favourite.

There have been many other new features in the past year. "Eve's Film Review," fashions, stray bits of art, and the adventures of "Felix, the Cat," films of the "Nanook" kind, a few taking series such as "Songs That Will Live For

Ever" and "Stories from the Opera," impressionist pictures requiring special presentation effects, "Conquering Everest" being an example; and a host of other developments of minor note.

BUILDING THE WALLS.
The presentation side of the cinema has extended very considerably. This has already been noted, as in the case of little prologues and musical effects and selections. The place of music has been firmly and finally recognised, a very valuable advance being made by the Provincial Cinematograph Theatres.

These and other things have been marking the progress of the picture-play. It only remains to eliminate sound objectionable, or rather, misleading features, to forget the film "industry" in the film art, and to enlarge the burning crystal of dramatic realisation. Given a company of players, a skilled artistic lead, enthusiasm and ambition and the work is on its way. Let the material be worthy of respect.

MOVIES IN NATURAL COLOURS.

NEW ERA IN PRODUCTION.

ENGLAND LEADS THE WAY.
While it is admitted that America is responsible for nearly 90 per cent. of the film production of the world, it has remained for an English producer to lead the way with motion pictures in natural colours.

"The Glorious Adventure," which was privately presented to a big audience at the King's Cross Theatre, was something in the nature of a sensation.

In the past many attempts have been made to perfect the natural colour photography process, but until the advent of the Prizma process success was not achieved. The Prizma people have been experimenting for some time past with still life coloured photographs, but it remained for J. Stuart Blackton, an Englishman with a wide American producing experience, to try the new invention out on a six-act photo-drama.

"The Glorious Adventure" was selected because it is set about the reign of Charles II., when elaborate and highly coloured costumes were the vogue. Another reason was because the story came to a climax in the Great Fire of London, (1666). Both these factors provided opportunity for the colouring to be seen to best advantage.

There is no doubt about the success of the innovation. Quite apart from the absorbing story and fine drama of the picture, the magnificent colouring is in itself worth seeing. Nothing is harsh or sharply defined. The whole blends into beautiful lights and shadows, and, even where the colour is vivid, it is not garish.

The close-ups of the leading lady, Lady Diana Manners, said by critics to be one of the most beautiful women in the world, are simply superb. The features seem to stand out in relief from the screen, and the colouring of hair, eyes, and flesh is exquisitely delicate.

Many well-known English and Continental artists who were present at the London premiere are reported to have been very much impressed with these close-ups of Lady "Di."



The big three in pictures to May.

FILM TOPICS.

"OLIVER TWIST."

Patrons of the provincial cinema houses may expect soon to see a picture that the advance publicity material heralds as a "milestone on the highway of art," and which bears the highest recommendations in its own right. It is "Oliver Twist," Jackie Coogan, produced by Sol Lesser, directed by Frank Lloyd, and presented by a company of the most distinguished screen celebrities, including Lon Chaney, Gladys Brockwell, Lionel Belmore, and a host more.

The picture is described as the most ambitious in which the juvenile star, Jackie Coogan, has ever appeared, and it is asserted that in it he has registered an appeal that strikes the hearts of young and old of all classes of picture patrons as well as of those that are not usually drawn to the theatre. It is the appeal of innocent boyhood through the medium of one of the greatest stories ever penned. The plot has been followed with unusual fidelity; it is claimed, and the characterisations will satisfy the most enthusiastic of Dickens readers. "Oliver Twist" is a First National attraction—listed among the biggest of the year.

Lon Chaney, it is interesting to note, one of the principals in support of Jackie Coogan in "Oliver Twist," says that Fagin is the most important role of his career.

A COMMERCIAL SUCCESS.

"The Queen of Atlantis," the novel by Pierre Benoit, which was crowned by the French Academy as the best of its year, has been made into a remarkable photoplay, by Jacques Feyder, and was released by the Stoll Film Co., Ltd., on the 8th inst. in London, under the title of "Atlantide." For over three months it was shown three times a day at the Madeleine Cinema, Paris, and filled the Royal Opera

House, Covent Garden, twice daily for over a month. With the likely exception of one other French super-film, it is probably the greatest commercial success in the history of the French cinema trade. When shown at Covent Garden, according to the Stoll people, "Atlantide" set up a new record for the first night of a film.

There is a brilliant cast of French screen actors, including Stacia Napierkowska, Marie-Louise Iribé, Jean Angelo, Georges Melchior, Franchesi, and Abd-El-Kader Ben-Ali.

The great charm of the film apart from its lure of fantastic adventure is the atmosphere of mountain and desert, translated into wonderful pictures of long horizons, sunset silhouettes, strange grottoes, and carved rocks which give the production an extraordinary air of conviction.

"THE HYPOCRITES."

Henry Arthur Jones's famous play, "The Hypocrites," which was first presented by Charles Frohman at the Hudson Theatre, New York in 1906, and at the Hicks Theatre, London, and which proved a wonderful success both in England and America, has now been adapted for the screen by Eliot Stannard, and is in course of production at the Granger-Binger Studios. This thrilling play, which abounds in tense situations, should make an excellent film. No expense is being spared in the production, and it is expected that this subject will prove to be one of the most successful Super films of 1923.

A very strong cast has been engaged. Wyndham Standing, who is a member of the famous Standing family, is the featured player. Although an Englishman by birth, Wyndham has become famous in America. One of his greatest successes was in the leading role in "Earthbound." His latest American film to be shown in this country was "Smilin' Through," in which he played opposite Norma Talmadge. The supporting cast is composed entirely of well-known stage and screen stars, including

"DICK TURPIN"

MR. MATHIESON LANG ON SCREEN.

The Stoll film "Dick Turpin's Ride to York," which has been released in London has a theme romantic enough for any drama.

Mr. Mathieson Lang is admirable as Dick, while Miss Isobel Elsom plays the part of Esther Bevis, the unwilling bride of the Earl of Weston, who was rescued from her dilemma in the nick of time by the gentlemanly highwayman. But they must share their honours with the gallant little mare who plays the part of Black Bess.

Most of the exteriors were taken at Knole, the seat of Lord Sackville at Sevenoaks, which is perhaps the loveliest and most stately of all our great English country homes. Here it is supposed to represent the Castle Weston, where most of the action takes place.

What there is of the story is well enough known through rhyme and legend. Mr. Maurice Elvy, the producer, has made good use of both.

Mary Odette, Lillian Douglas, Gertrude Sterrol, Harold French, Bertie White, and Roy Travers.

A SPORTING PICTURE.

With the commencement of the New Year, British film producers started work on their programmes for 1923. At Kew, Mr. Walter West is busy on his new racing film entitled "The Lady Trainer," and he has made frequent visits to race meetings with his company to secure the necessary race-course atmosphere, which is always a feature of Mr. West's sporting pictures.

Violet Hopson has selected some wonderful gowns for her part as "The Lady Trainer," and her sporting costumes have been especially designed for her. Miss Hopson still favours the breeches and astride fashion when she appears in sporting films.

EDUCATIONAL FILM.

INCREASING IN POPULARITY.

The educational film has yet to be produced, Dr. Kimmins, chief inspector of London's education department, has said recently. He is chairman of a committee now sitting to investigate more fully the educational value of the cinema, and the effect upon the child from every point of view, and nobody is in a better position to judge of its merits than this sympathetic student of childhood.

People are asking how long the child retains the impression of the rapidly moving picture and what is its relative value to the stationary lantern slide. A successful lecturer on bird life has combined the two methods, giving for example clear pictures of birds sitting and standing on the nest or the ground which the teacher can describe at length, and with moving pictures illustrating the development of flight and the habits of the fully grown bird. The same method could be applied to the study of animals or plants.

As regards travel-films, there is no question of the interest they create in various countries. If the impression is fleeting, it lasts long enough to be a foundation for the work of a teacher. Those who know the city child regard the outside interest evoked in this way as very valuable in itself. Anything that stretches the imagination, that sets forth a picture of some aspect of life other than that of grimy streets and bricks and mortar must be a great factor for good, since even a fleeting impression is better than none at all. "The picture I like best is a meadow," wrote a girl of 10. "It has flowers and little hills. Why I like it is because it makes you think you are in the country yourself."

Naturally boys often like pictures of the swashbuckling hero, of the rescuer of forlorn maidens, of the automobile dashing along the edge of a precipice, but interest is by no means limited to this type of exciting venture. Experience has proved the great delight taken by many children in the film of great expeditions. The London County Council has no films or apparatus for use in the schools but parties of school children in charge of a teacher visit the best picture houses after school hours. The small special fees charged by the theatre are paid by the parent or the proceeds of an entertainment provide the funds. The Shackleton expedition, the ascent of Mt. Everest, the great aeroplane flights have all been received with enthusiasm.

The expedition film has the added virtue of showing the character of the explorer, his courage, persistence and resource in the face of difficulty and obstacle. The presentation of genuine heroism seems to give as much pleasure as that set forth in lurid surroundings so that the problem of the film as educator resolves itself into producing a better class of film rather than in depicting its present tendency to depict unsuitable stories.

Chaplin or Larry Semon do one of their absurdities.

And then when it is all over up go the "house lights"—large incandescent street lights—and the "house," never less than 5,000 all told, ampires in 90 seconds, after the band has played the National Anthem—not "God Save the King," but the Sarawak National Anthem—"God Bless the Rajah."

A Hot Weather Hint: Keep Cool



MARGARET LOOMIS IN "THE SINS OF ST. ANTHONY."

Rather cool as a hot weather costume, perhaps, but not as cool as the reception she got at the conservative country club, when, as an Egyptian dancer, Margaret Loomis appeared as the guest of Bryant Washburn, the "St. Anthony" of the community. In this forthcoming Paramount picture, the young saint promptly loses his halo, so "hot up" do the local maiden ladies become. But Margaret, as you may have guessed, keeps cool.



At the Star this week.

KINEMA IN BORNEO.

A WONDERFUL PLACE.

Mr. Rex M. Everett, writing on the cinema in Borneo, says:—If you want to land at Miri (Sarawak) you have to anchor three miles out to sea and go ashore in a rowing boat or motor launch, and yet once you land there you find that it possesses the most wonderful cinema in the world.

The cinema building—you cannot call it a theatre—is unique, for it houses an audience that even Sir Oswald Stoll has never dreamt of. Facing the screen there are two enormous verandahs, or grand-stands, with a restaurant and bars at the back. On one verandah all the European populace is gathered, and on the lower one all the leading Malays and Chinese, and very picturesque they look in their national costumes, the wonderful collection of gold coins, bangles and anklets of the Malay ladies, displayed upon their many-coloured and beautiful "sarongs," with their over-rouged lips and dainty sandals quite outshining the Chinese in their quieter attire.

The screen itself is placed out in the open 72 feet from the front of these verandahs, and on the ground all round it sit the rest of the audience—Chinese coolies by the thousand, Malay coolies, Dyaks, and scores of other subjects of the Rajah. When I say they sit round the screen, I literally mean round, as the screen is erected on a vast "padang" or lawn, and is transparent, so they can see equally as well from both sides, and as they cannot read English, it does not matter about the subtitles being "the wrong way round."

It is marvellous how well they follow a picture without the subtitles, and how enthusiastic they become over their own favourites. They will watch a Pathé Gazette or a Topical Budget with comparative calm, but as soon as Tom Mix, Charlie Chaplin, or Larry Semon appear a mighty roar goes up, and the cheering lasts for several minutes. I have never heard anything like it in the "Old Country." The nearest approach to it that I can remember was when Vesta Tilley took her farewell on that memorable Saturday night at the London Coliseum. They watch every foot of film with the greatest keenness, and applaud and clap their hands when Tom Mix does a "stunt," and defeats the villain, and roar with laughter when Charlie



A charming picture of "The World's Sweetheart."



Robert Driscoll Shea

Robert Driscoll Shea, only 19, the son of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Shea, has won the Cecil Rhodes Scholarship from the State of Indiana. Shea at present is in the Harvard Law School, but will leave for Europe to enter Oxford University at the end of the present school term in June.



Dr. Albert C. Barnes

Dr. Albert C. Barnes, noted chemist and art collector, has returned from Europe, where he gave orders for \$600,000 worth of marble to be used in the construction of an art museum near Philadelphia, in which he will house his \$3,000,000 modern art collection. He will then deed the museum to the public.



Having won the election, Oklahoma's new Governor kept his promise to entertain the countryside for two days.



One hour after Joseph K. Gordon, theatrical manager, he married Doris Eaton, 10-years, was arrested. Eugene La Place alleged in her warrant that she had intrusted \$10,000 to Gordon in 1918 and that he had failed to return it.

Eugene LaPlace



Mrs. Warren G. Harding, wife of America's President, has now almost completely recovered her strength after her recent critical illness.



Stanislas Wojciechowski

Stanislas Wojciechowski, Poland's new President. He was Minister of the Interior in the Cabinet when Ignatz Paderewski, the great pianist, was Premier of Poland.



Mrs. Celia LeSeur

After returning 200 miles through the Nevada Desert, Mrs. Celia LeSeur has come with news of the discovery of a 5-foot gold vein.

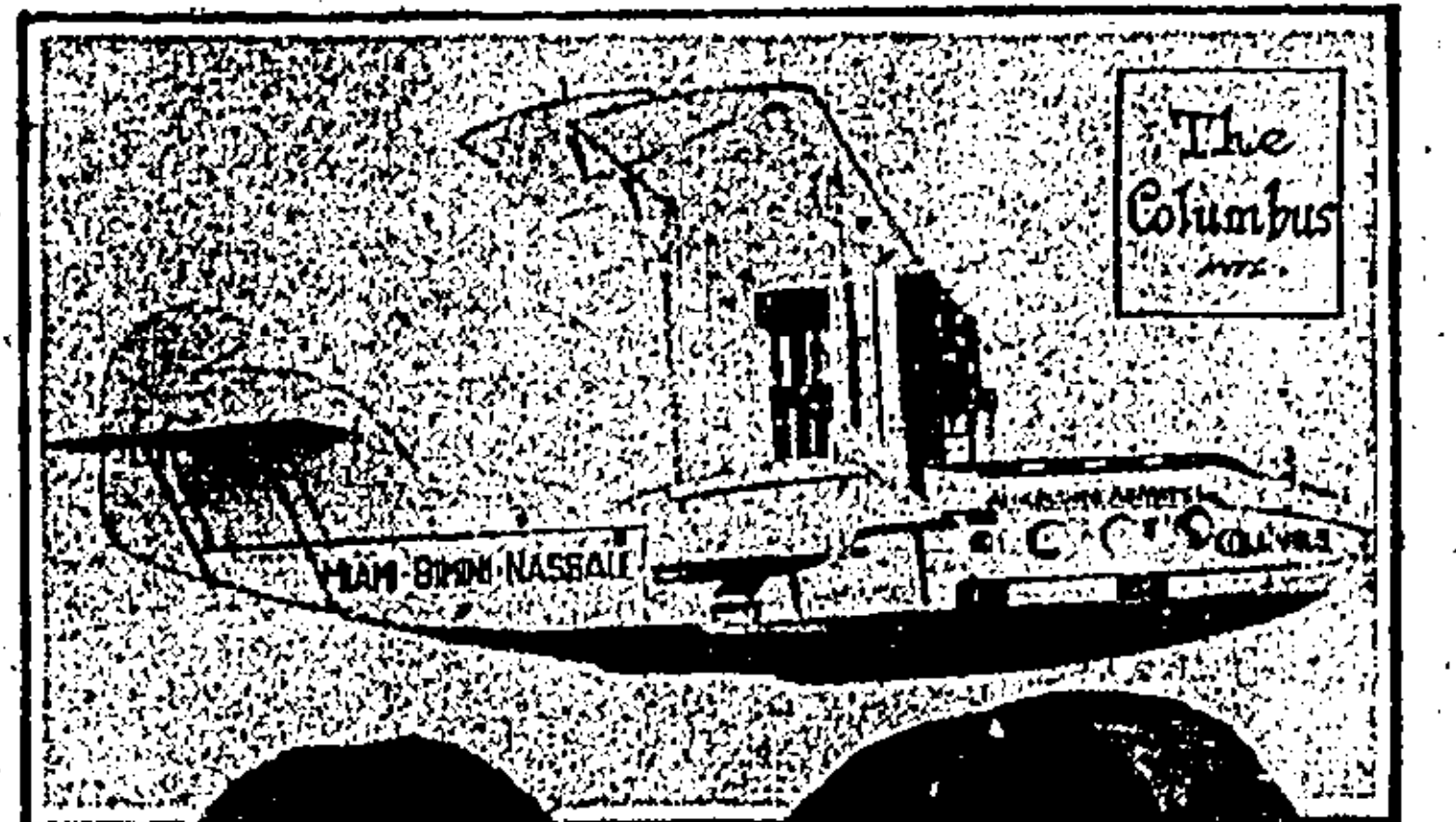


David W. Messersmith

Arbiter on all questions concerning the women's apparel. His decisions are final. It is said his salary amounts to \$59,000 a year.



Chinese babies alone were allowed to enter a baby show held in New York City, and there were some fine youngsters among the entrants. The doctor is shown examining one of the infants pronounced physically perfect. The Chinese Baby Orchestra entertained the mothers present.



When the immense flying boat "Columbus" was forced down into a high sea, 20 miles off Havana, death claimed Edwin F. Atkins, New York, millionaire, president of the Cuba States Limited Sugar Company; his two sons, Edwin 3rd, aged 5, and David, aged 8, with Miss Grace McDonald, their governess. The car float "Flagler" saved Mrs. Atkins, Otto Abraham, a New York brother; Miss Julia Haverty, W. E. Miller, the pilot, and Harold Thompson, the mechanic.

— USE GLOY —
because it is the cleanest and
best adhesive.
British Made.

A Style for Everybody.

Whatever your style preference in SOCIAL STATIONERY
is you are sure to find it at

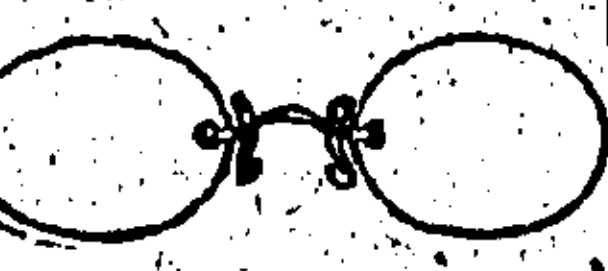
DER. A. WING & CO.

60, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Write your letters with the latest
in **STYLOGRAPHIC PENS**. They
ensure a neatly written letter.
You may try them before buying.

EYES, RIGHT

If not consult the
CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
61 Queen's Road Central.



The house recommended by
many local doctors for its
accuracy and cheapness.

SEE US FIRST, SEE



BRINGING UP FATHER

DEAR, I JUST BOUGHT
A BEAUTIFUL VASE.
I HIRED A BOY TO
BRING IT HOME FOR
ME. LET ME HAVE
SOME CHANGE TO
GIVE HIM.

GO IN AND LOOK AT
IT, DEAR. IT'S ON
THE TABLE.

YES, MAMMIE,
DARLIN'.

AND SHE HAD
TO HIRE SOME
ONE TO CARRY
THAT HOME.

© 1923 BY THE FEATURE SERVICE, INC.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Banks

The Bank of Canton, Ltd.,
Des Voeux Road Central.

China Specie Bank, Ltd.
6, Duddell Street.

The Chinese Merchants' Bank, Ltd.,
Alexandra Bldg., Chater Road.

Building Contractors

Wing On & Co.
Building Contractors.
14, D'Aguilar Street. Tel. Cen. 1597

Jewel Merchants

Calian Mining Admin. Co. (Doddwell Co.,
Ltd.), Jewellery and Steamship Owners.
Birmingham Coal, Coke, Firebricks.

C. Kimura & Co.
2, Connaught Road Central.

Kwong Hang & Co., Jewel Merchants
15 Des Voeux Rd. Cen. 2736

Natural & Co., 5 Queen's Road Central,
Merchants, Coal Contractors and
Shipping Agents—Phone Cen. 1643.

Cotton Yarn Importers

Goshu Kabushiki Kaisha,
Importers Cotton Yarn & Piece
Goods; No. 7 Mercantile Bank
Building. Tel. Cen. 2774 and 2903

Curio Dealers

Geck Hing, Chinese Curios & Silver Ware

Dentist

Harry Fong, Dentist,
1st floor, No. 74, Queen's Road
Central, Tel. Central No. 1355.

Electrical Suppliers

San Hing Co., Electric-platers and
Electrical Contractors also Typewriter
Repairs. 10 Pottinger St. Tel. Cen. 3690

Engineers & Shipbuilders

W. S. Bailey & Co., Ltd.,
Engineers & Shipbuilders,
Kowloon Bay
New Work & Repairs
Call Flag "L."

Glass Merchants

A. L. & Co., Glass Merchants,
Furniture, Mirror and Canton Marble
Manufacturers, Electro-plated, Glass
and Crystals, Waves and Photo
Supplies. 10 Queen's Road Central.
Tel. Central No. 1219.

Hotels

Palace Hotel, Kowloon—Corner of
Nanjing and Hankow Roads. Few
minutes from ferry.

Importers & Exporters

She Brod & Co., Importers and
Exporters and Commission Agents.
Des Voeux Road.

The Hongkong Import Co.,
Importers and Exporters.
Tel. Cen. 3007, 37, Queen's Road Central.

Kwong Sun & Co., 55 Queen's Road
Central, Kowloon (Manager).
Kwong King Him (Asst.) Tel. Cen. 3193.

Masuda Trading Co.,
Importers and Exporters,
NKKO—Japanese fine art curios,
23 Queen's Road Ctl. Tel. Cen. 1259

Nam Sing Loong,
57-59 Queen's Road Central.
General Storekeepers, Wine & Cigar
Merchants, General Importers,
Exporters of Chinese Produce.
Tel. Central 351.

Patell & Co., P. O. Box 316

Land & Estate Agents

an Yick Cho, Land & Estate Agents
Tel. Central 911-1987.
35, Queen's Road Central.

Leather Goods

Nam Kang Suitcase Co.,
Best makers of Leather Suitcases,
Hand Bags, Purse, Belts, etc.
Pottinger St., 208 Queen's Rd. Ct.
and 38 Hillier St.

Se Hing, 224 Des Voeux Road, Manu-
facturers of Leather Suitcases, Hand
Bags, Trunks, etc.

Merchants

Alea Commercial & Development Co.,
China Bank Buildings (2nd floor) Tel. 3809

Gibbs, J. & Co., Alexandra Building.

Millinery

Madame Lily, Alexandra Building.
Latest models and creations from
Paris in Frock and Millinery.
"The Centre of Fashion."

Miners

China Commercial Co., Ltd.,
Miners, Importers and Exporters
11-55 Queen's Road Ctl. Tel. Cen. 2808.

Modistes

Madame Flint,
31, Queen's Road Cen. Tel. Cen. 289.
(Latest Parisian models)

Optician

The Hongkong Optical Co. Phone 3332.
53, Queen's Road Central

M. Lazarus, Opticians.
Tel. Cen. 2202. 12, Queen's Rd. Centra.

Photographers

Moe Cheung, Photographer.
23, Ice House Street,
7, Beaconfield Avenue (Branch).
Developing & Printing undertaken.

Providers

Yee Hing Tom Co., Dealers in
Foreign Goods, New Shoes, Choco-
lates, Soft Felt Hats, Pipe, Wool
Socks, Sweater Singlets, Ties, Razor
Blades.
24, Pottinger Street Tel. Cen. 3016

Printers

The "China Mail" General Printers,
Publishers and Bookbinders.
5, Wyndham Street. Tel. Cen. 22.

Scales

Mustard & Co., Connaught Road Ctl.

Ship Chandlers

Chung Fook, 78 Connaught Rd. Ctl.
First floor. Tel. Central 639.
Shipchandler, Stovedores and
Comproadors.

Wang Koo & Co., Shipchandler,
Comproadors, Stovedores & Coal
Merchants, 10, 1st & 2nd floor,
No. 36 & 37, Connaught Road, Tel.
Central No. 948.

Shipowners

Man Wing S. S. Co., Ltd.,
28 Bonham Strand West. Tel. Cen. 1710
Regular Fortnightly Service
Hongkong and Haiphong via Hanoi
s.s. "Haitan."

Thai Thuan S. S. Co., Ltd.,
147 Wing Lok Street, East. Tel. Cen. 93
s.s. "Derwent" s.s. "Bourbon"
between Hongkong and Saigon.

Shoemakers

Jam Kee, Dealer in Sewing Machines
and Accessories, Boot & Shoe Mater.
7 Pottinger Street.

WONG SIU MOON
BOOTS, SHOES & SUPPLIES FOR LADIES, GENTS
& CHILDREN, BEST DESIGNS, PRICES MODERATE.
21, POTTINGER ST. PHONE 1114.

Silk Stores

D. Chellaram—Royal Silk Store,
36a Queen's Road Central, Satin
Crepe de Chine, Georgette and
Brocade Silks.

Pohoomull Bros., 36, Queen's Rd. C.

Tailors

Hongkong Tailoring Co.,
Ladies' and Gent's Tailors,
10, D'Aguilar Street, New Materials
of all descriptions. Tel. Cen. 2680.

Shing Cheong,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor,
24, Wyndham Street, 2nd floor.

Tobacco, Cigarettes

British American Tobacco Co.
(China), Ltd. 15-19 Connaught Road.

Typewriters, Etc.

Mustard & Co., Connaught Road Ctl.

Wine & Spirit Merchants

Kwan Tye, General Storekeeper,
Wine & Spirit Merchant,
No. 102, Queen's Road Central

CRICKET.

K.C.C. v. C.R.O.

The following have been selected to
represent the Kowloon Cricket Club in a first
league match v. the Chinese
Recreation Club at 2.30 p.m. on Satur-
day, at Kowloon: J. P. Robinson,
Capt. E. G. Spinks, E. F. Spinks, O.
Dance, B. J. G. A. V. Hall, H. H.
Benson, R. E. Lindell, B. Petheram,
J. C. Fletcher and H. Overly.

I.R.C. v. UNIVERSITY.

The following will represent the
Indian Recreation Club in a first
league match against the University
at 2.15 p.m., on Saturday, at Pok-
fulum: A. el Arculli (capt.), A. H.
Rumjahn, S. H. Ismail, S. D. Ismail,
O. Ismail, S. A. Ismail, J. S. Cur-
riem, A. H. Mader, N. B. Kitchell,
S. A. Rumjahn and H. D. Rum-
jahn. Reserve: M. P. Mader.

Despondency Due to
Constipation.

Women often become nervous and
dependent. When this is due to con-
stipation it is easily corrected by taking
an occasional dose of Chamberlain's
Tablets. These tablets are easy to take
and pleasant in effect. For sale by all
Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND
PASSENGER SERVICES.

LONDON SERVICE

(Direct)
"REHEXOR" 12th Mar. London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"ANTIOCEUS" 18th Mar. London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
"TALITHYRUS" 2nd Apr. London and Rotterdam
"ANTIOCEUS" 5th Apr. London, Amsterdam and Antwerp

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

(Direct or via Continental Ports)
"TITAN" 12th Mar. M'les, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"TALITHYRUS" 18th Mar. Genoa, M'les, Liverpool & Glasgow
"ANTIOCEUS" 5th Apr. M'les, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE

(via Kobe and Yokohama)
"PHILOCTETES" 24th Mar. Victoria, Seattle and
"TYNDAROS" 24th Apr. Vancouver

NEW YORK SERVICE

(via Suez or Panama)
"AGMEMNON" 15th Mar. via Suez
"EUREYATES" 5th Apr. via Suez

PASSENGER SERVICE

"PYRRHUS" 15th Mar. for Shanghai
"PYRRHUS" 2nd Apr. for Singapore & London
"MENTOR" 7th May for Singapore & London
"TERESTAS" 25th June for London
"SARPEION" 4th Aug. for Marseilles and London
For Freight and Passage Rates and all Information Apply to:—
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
(John Swire & Sons Ltd.)
AGENTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Telegraphic Communication with Waplan Lighthouse is interrupted.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the
time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close
at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the
previous day.

INWARD MAILS.

From	PER
Shanghai	Thursday, March 8.
Shanghai and Japan	Friday, March 9.
Shanghai	Saturday, March 10.
Manila	Monday, March 12.
Japan	Tuesday, March 13.
Shanghai	Wednesday, March 14.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Thursday, March 15.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Friday, March 16.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Saturday, March 17.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Sunday, March 18.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Monday, March 19.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Tuesday, March 20.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Wednesday, March 21.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Thursday, March 22.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Friday, March 23.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Saturday, March 24.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Sunday, March 25.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Monday, March 26.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Tuesday, March 27.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Wednesday, March 28.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Thursday, March 29.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Friday, March 30.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London 8th	Saturday, March 31.

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	PER	Times
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Thursday, March 8.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Friday, March 9.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Saturday, March 10.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Sunday, March 11.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Monday, March 12.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Tuesday, March 13.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Wednesday, March 14.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Thursday, March 15.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Friday, March 16.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Saturday, March 17.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Sunday, March 18.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Monday, March 19.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Tuesday, March 20.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Wednesday, March 21.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Thursday, March 22.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Friday, March 23.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Saturday, March 24.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Sunday, March 25.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Monday, March 26.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Tuesday, March 27.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Wednesday, March 28.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Thursday, March 29.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Friday, March 30.	4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Saturday, March 31.	4 p.m.

WEATHER REPORT.

March 8d. 11h. 53m.—Pressure has
increased moderately over N.E. Japan
and the lower Yangtze Valley and de-
creased considerably over S.W. Japan.
It is nearly stationary in southern
districts.

The anticyclone has passed into the
Pacific. Another has formed over
China.

The monsoon will set in again along
the S.E. coast of China.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours
ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 6.01 inch.
Total since January 1st, 0.83 inches
against an average of 2.90 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at
noon on March 9, 1923.

1.—Foggy, overcast, N.E. winds,
freshening.

2.—South coast of China between
Shanghai and Lamook. N.E. winds,
moderate; overcast, some drizzle or mist.

3.—Hongkong to Gap Rock. N.E.
winds, moderate; overcast, some drizzle
or mist.

4.—South coast of China between
Shanghai and Hainan. N.E. winds,
moderate; overcast, some drizzle or mist.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY.

HONGKONG.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

MARCH 8, 1923.—a.m.

MARCH 8, 1935.—a.m.						
Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Wind.	
					Direction.	Force.
Villavieja	6 a.	30.01	71	73	SW	2
Yennan	6 a.	30.07	71	73	SW	1
Victoria Peak	7 a.	30.30	71	73	W	1
Tokio	7 a.	30.30	71	73	W	1
Kochi	7 a.	30.22	71	73	W	1
Nagasaki	7 a.	30.08	71	73	SW	1
Karachi	7 a.	30.08	71	73	SW	1
Colima	7 a.	30.66	71	73	SE	2
Yaba	7 a.	30.01	71	73	SW	1
San Juan Island	7 a.	30.32	71	73	E	1
Wahatani	7 a.	30.01	71	73	SW	1
Iohang	7 a.	30.01	71	73	SW	1
Kinkang	7 a.	30.01	71	73	SW	1
Changsha	7 a.	30.51	45 89	73	SW	2
Shanghai	7 a.	30.21	44 100	73	SW	4
Gulfair	7 a.	29.93	54 98	E	3	
Sharp Pk.	7 a.	30.06	68 94	E	2	
Amoy	7 a.	30.05	66 96	E	0	
Yatow	7 a.	30.05	66 96	E	0	
Taihoi	7 a.	30.05	66 96	E	0	
Taiwan	7 a.	30.02	68	SW	1	
Koshun	7 a.	30.02	68	SW	1	
Panadero.	7 a.	30.05	68	SW	2	
Canton	7 a.	30.02	68 95	E	0	
Hongkong	7 a.	30.02	68 95	E	0	
Gap Rock.	7 a.	30.02	68 94	E	0	
Wanchow	7 a.	30.02	68 94	E	0	
Taihoi	7 a.	30.00	61 100	SW	0	
Phailen	7 a.	30.99	70 75	SW	0	
Tourne	7 a.	29.97	70	SW	0	
O. St. James	7 a.	29.97	70	SW	0	
Apur	7 a.	29.95	72 95	E	2	
Dagupan	7 a.	29.95	72 95	E	0	
Manila	7 a.	29.93	77 85	SW	2	
Levanto	7 a.	29.89	73 98	SW	4	
Palawan	7 a.	29.89	73 98	SW	4	
Hilo	7 a.	29.95	76 96	SW	4	
San Francisco	7 a.	29.95	76 96	SW	4	
Guam	7 a.	4.20 29.97	70	SW	4	
Yap	7 a.	4.47	70	SW	4	
Labuan	7 a.	30.98	90 92	SW	4	